





## SolaX Power Network Technology (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd.

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X3-Fit G4

6 kW / 8 kW / 10 kW / 15 kW

**User Manual** 

Version 7.0



## Change History

Changes between document versions are cumulative. The latest version contains all updates made in previous versions.

#### Version 07 (Jan. 06, 2025)

Support battery model Hs51.

Added content about free-password time and password time resetting.

#### Version 06 (Nov. 21, 2024)

Added the work mode of smart schedule.

Modified the setting items of peak shaving.

Optimized this document according to the unified requirements of department.

## Version 05 (Sep. 09, 2024)

Modified the battery voltage range in Technical Data.

Added three notes to compatible battery.

## Version 04 (Aug. 21, 2024)

Support meter Janitza and added the connection method for communication wire of meter Janitza.

Modified description on charging and discharging in TOU mode. Modified Battery Heating.

#### Version 03 (Jul. 17, 2024)

Modified the company address and work modes.

Updated 4.3 Installation Precautions (Modified suggestions on sunlight direct and added a notice on it).

Modified the torque in mechanical installation, grounding connection, and grid & EPS (off-grid) connection.

Modified the diameter of PE wire from 4 mm<sup>2</sup> into 4~6 mm<sup>2</sup>

Modified the net weight and gross weight into  $30\pm1~kg$  and  $34\pm1~kg$  respectively.

Deleted the website on the back cover.

Modified the number and installation order of washers in mechanical installation.

#### Version 02 (Dec. 28, 2023)

Update 3 Technical Data (Updated some data)

Update 4.2 Packing List (Added item No. for accessories)

Update 1.3.2 Explanation of Symbols (Deleted the icon UKCA and its explanation)

Update 5.2 EPS(Off-grid) Block Diagram (Modified the Diagram C — D series inverter applicable to Australia)

Update 5.3 Battery Connection (Added a suggestion that the communication cables and battery power cables between the inverter and the battery should be no more than 3 meters.)

Update 5.4.3 Parallel Communication (Added a suggestion that the communication cables between the inverters in parallel and the master inverter and X3-PBOX series device should not exceed 20 meters.)

Update the style of the manual

Update 5.6 Monitoring Connection (Changed the standard monitoring module as WiFi+LAN)

Update 7.3 LCD Operation (Added a setting under Pgrid Bias to limit the input and output power for export control; added a Shut Down setting under advance setting)

Update 2.3 Work Mode (Modified the description of Peak shaving mode introduction and added a TOU mode)

## Version 01 (Nov. 22, 2023)

Update 7.1 Control Panel (Added the description that users can reset the work mode, the Min SOC and the charging periods through the inverter LCD or the SolaX APP when the inverter is in an idle state.)

## Version 00 (Sep. 14, 2023)

Initial release

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## \* WARRANTY REGISTRATION FORM

## 1 Notes on this Manual

## 1.1 Scope of Validity

This manual is an integral part of the inverter, it describes the assembly, installation, commissioning, maintenance and failure of the product. Please read it carefully before operating.

X3-Fit-6.0-W	-6.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit		X3-Fit-15.0-W
X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-M

Note: **"X3-Fit"** Series refers to the energy storage inverter that supports photovoltaic grid-connected.

**"6.0"** means 6.0kW.

"10.0K-W" is in compliance with C10/11.

"W" means that Matebox cannot be connected externally.

"M" means that matebox can be connected externally. Keep this manual available at any time.

### 1.2 Target Group

This manual is for qualified electricians. The tasks described in this manual only can be performed by qualified electricians.

## 1.3 Symbols Used

The following types of safety instructions and general information appear in this document as described below:



#### Danger

"Danger" refers to a dangerous situation that, if not avoided, will result in a high level of risk such as serious injury or even death.



#### Warning!

"Warning" indicates a dangerous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in serious injury or death.



#### Caution!

"Caution" indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



#### Note!

"Note" provides tips that are valuable for the optimal operation of our product.

Safety Safety

## 1.3.1Important Safety Instructions

#### Danger!



#### Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter!

The personnel responsible for the installation, electrical connection, debugging, maintenance and fault handling operation of this product need to be trained, master the correct operation method, have the corresponding electrician qualification and safety operation knowledge.



#### Caution!

When the inverter is working, it is strictly forbidden to touch the shell. The temperature of the shell is high and there is a risk of scalding.



#### Caution!

#### Radiation may be harmful to health!

Do not stay for a long time and keep at least 20 cm away from the inverter.

#### Note!



#### Ground PV system.

Finish PV modules and photovoltaic system grounding in accordance with local requirements to achieve optimal protection of systems and personnel.



#### Warning!

Ensure that the input DC voltage is below the inverter limit. Excessive DC voltage and current may cause permanent damage or other losses to the inverter, which is not covered by the warranty.



#### Warning!

Before performing maintenance, cleaning or operation on the circuit connected to the inverter, authorized maintenance personnel must first disconnect the AC and DC power supplies of the inverter.



### Warning!

Only operate the inverter when it is technically faultless.



#### Warning!

Risk of electric shock!

Strictly follow relevant safety specifications for product installation and testing. During installation, operation or maintenance, please read carefully and follow the instructions and precautions on the inverter or user manual. If the operation is incorrect, it may cause personal and property losses. Please keep the user manual properly after use.

This inverter can only use the accessories sold and recommended by our company, otherwise it may cause fire, electric shock or casualties.

Without the authorization of our company, you may not open the inverter cover or replace the inverter parts, otherwise the warranty promise of the inverter will be invalid.

The use and operation of the inverter must be carried out in accordance with the instructions in this manual, otherwise this protection will fail and the warranty of the inverter will also fail. During working, the inverter surface temperature may exceed 60°C, please make sure the inverter cools down before touching, and make sure children can not touch

All AC power sources must be disconnected from the inverter for at least 5 minutes before any wiring or electrical operation is performed on the inverter to ensure complete isolation of the inverter and avoid electric shock.

Installation position should be away from wet environment and corrosive substances.

Use a multimeter (impedance at least 1 M $\Omega$ ) to measure the voltage between the UDC and the UDC- to ensure that the inverter port is discharged below the safe voltage before starting operation (35 VDC).

Safety Safety

#### ➤ Surge protection devices (SPDs) for PV installation

# $\wedge$

#### Warning!

Over-voltage protection with surge arresters should be provided when the PV power system is installed. The grid connected inverter is fitted with SPDs in both PV input side and MAINS side.

Direct or indirect lightning strikes can cause failures. Surge is the main cause of lightning damage to most devices. Surge voltage may occur at photovoltaic input or AC output, especially in remote mountain areas where long distance cable is supplied.

Please consult professionals before installing SPDs.

The external lightning protection device can reduce the influence of direct lightning strike, and the lightning protection device can release surge current to the earth.

If the building installed with external light protection device is far away from the inverter location, in order to protect the inverter from electrical and mechanical damage, the inverter should also install an external lightning protection equipment.

In order to protect the AC system, the level 2 surge protection equipment should be installed at the AC output, located between the inverter and the grid. Installation requirements must comply with IEC61643-21 standard.

### ➤ Anti-Islanding Effect

The islanding effect means that when the power grid is cut off, the grid-connected power generation system fails to detect the power outage and still supplies power to the power grid. This is very dangerous for the maintenance personnel and the power grid on the transmission line.

The inverter's use active frequency offset method to prevent islanding effect.

#### ➤ PE Connection and Leakage Current

• All inverter's incorporate a certified internal Residual Current Monitoring (RCM) in order to protect against possible electrocution and fire hazard in case of a malfunction in the cables or inverter.

There are 2 trip thresholds for the RCM as required for certification (IEC 62109-2:2011).

The default value for electrocution protection is 30mA, and for slow rising current is 300mA.

• The inverter has an integrated Type-B Residual Current Monitoring Unit (RCMU). If an external residual current device (RCD) (type A is recommended) is mandatory, the switch must be triggered at a residual current of 300 mA (recommended). RCD of other specifications can also be used according to local standard.



Warning!

High leakage Current! Earth connection essential before connecting supply.

- A faulty ground connection can result in equipment failure, personal and death injuries, and electromagnetic interference.
- Ensure correct according to grounding to IEC62109 and conductor diameter according to STANDARD specification.
- Do not connect the grounding end of the equipment in series to prevent multi-point grounding.
- Electrical appliances must be installed in accordance with the wiring rules of each country.

For United Kingdom

• The installation that connects the equipment to the supply terminals

shall comply with the requirements of BS 7671.

- Electrical installation of PV system shall comply with requirements of BS 7671 and IEC 60364-7-712.
- · All protective devices cannot be changed.
- User shall ensure that equipment is so installed, designed and operated to maintain at all times compliance with the requirements of ESQCR22(1)(a).

#### Battery Safety Instructions

The inverter should pair with high voltage battery, for the specific parameters such as battery type, nominal voltage and nominal capacity etc., please refer to section 3.3.

Please refer to the matching battery specification for details.

Safety Safety

## 1.3.2 Explanation of Symbols

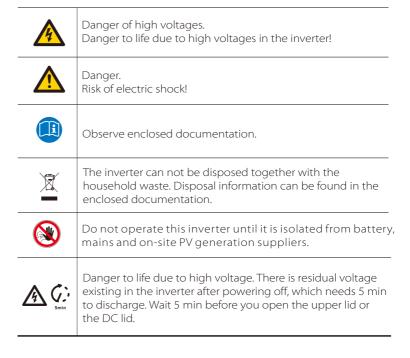
This section gives an explanation of all the symbols shown on the inverter and on the type label.

• Symbols on the Inverter

Symbols	Explanation
	Operating Display
	Battery status
	An error has occurred, please inform your installer immediately

• Symbols on the Type Label

Symbols	Explanation			
(€	CE mark. The inverter complies with the requirements of the applicable CE guidelines.			
TOVRhaldand CERTIFIED TO TRECCOCCOCC	TUV certified.			
	RCM remark.			
	Beware of hot surface. The inverter can become hot during operation. Avoid contact during operation.			



Safety Introduction

#### 1.3.3 EC Directives

This chapter describes the requirements of the European low voltage regulations, including safety instructions and system licensing conditions, the user must comply with these regulations when installing, operating, and maintaining the inverter, otherwise it will cause personal injury or death, and the inverter will cause damage.

Please read the manual carefully when operating the inverter .If you do not understand "danger", "warning", "caution" and the description in the manual, please contact the manufacturer or service agent before installing and operating the inverter.

Grid-connected inverter comply with low voltage directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU and Electromagnetic compatibility directive (EMC) 2014/30/EU.Detection of components is based on: Standard of 2014/35/EU (LVD) EN IEC 62109-1; EN IEC 62109-2 EN IEC 62477-1

Standard of 2014/30/EU (EMC) EN IEC 61000-6-1; EN IEC 61000-6-2; EN IEC 61000-6-3; EN IEC 61000-6-4; EN IEC 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; EN IEC 61000-3-11; EN 61000-3-12; EN 55011

For installation in photovoltaic module system, it is necessary to make sure that the whole system complies with the requirements of EC(2014/35/EU, 2014/30/EU, etc.) before starting the module (i.e. to start the operation). The assembly shall be installed in accordance with the statutory wiring rules. Install and configure the system in accordance with safety rules, including the use of specified wiring methods. The installation of the system can only be done by professional assemblers who are familiar with safety requirements and EMC. The assembler shall ensure that the system complies with the relevant national laws.

The individual subassembly of the system shall be interconnected by means of the wiring methods outlined in national/international such as the national electric code (NFPA) No. 70 or VDE regulation 4105.

## 2 Introduction

#### 2.1 Basic Features

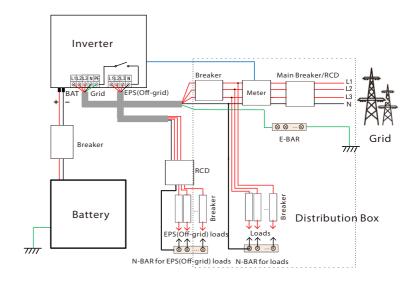
The inverter is a high-quality inverter that can convert solar energy into alternating current and store energy into batteries.

The inverter can be used to optimize self-consumption, stored in batteries for future use or fed into the public grid. The way it works depends on user preferences. It can provide emergency power during power outages.

## 2.2 Electrical Block Diagram of the System

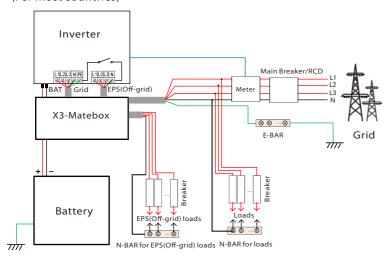
The inverter has two wiring schemes, customers can choose EPS compatible parts Load and EPS compatible with all load use. There are different ways of wiring in different countries, one is to connect N line with PE line, the other is to separate the line from the PE line wiring, see below;

## Diagram A: N line and PE line separate wiring; (For most countries)

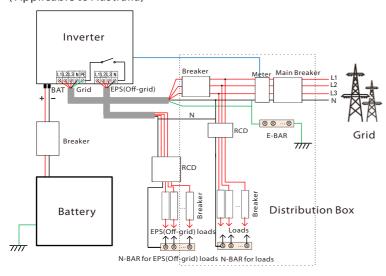


Introduction Introduction

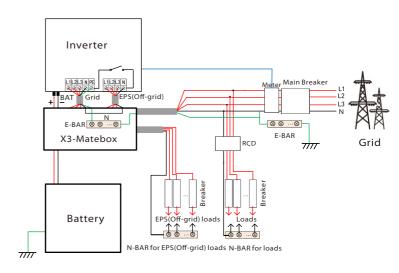
## Diagram B: N line and PE line separate wiring; (For most countries)



# Diagram C: N line and PE line together; (Applicable to Australia)



# Diagram D: N line and PE line together; (Applicable to Australia)





#### Note!

The RCD on the figure represents a leakage protection device with a circuit breaker function.

- When power cuts suddenly, the inverter connects the N line of EPS (Off-grid) load with the ground through relay, providing a fixed zero potential for EPS(Off-grid) load and ensuring the safety of electricity use by users.
- Please control the inverter load and make sure it is "output value" in "within " EPS(Off-grid) mode, otherwise the inverter will stop and alarm overload fault".
- Please confirm with the grid operator whether there are special regulations for grid connection.

Introduction

### 2.3 Work Modes (with grid-tied inverter)

In on-grid state, the following work modes are available: Self use, Feed-in priority, Backup, Peak shaving, TOU, Smart schedule, and Manual. You can choose the working modes according to your lifestyle and environment.

When the power supply from the electric power company is stopped due to a power outage, it automatically switches to EPS mode and connects to the distribution board for a specific load, thereby providing power to important electrical appliances.

For how to set the working mode, please refer to the section "9.8.1 User Setting".

Inverter working status differs in different time periods. You can set two working periods: forced charging period and allowed discharging period. The interval not in the charging & discharging period belongs to other time periods.

• Forced charging period (Default period: 00:00~00:00, closed by default)

The priority of forced charging period is higher than all work modes. In the forced charging period, the inverter will charge the battery first untill the battery SoC reaches the specified **Charge battery to** value set in each working mode. You have the option to configure the inverter to either draw power from the grid or not.

• Allowed discharging period (Default period: 00:00~23:59)

In the allowed discharging period, the inverter will allow the battery to discharge and charge power in accordance with the working mode and load conditions.

Period not set as forced charging or allowed discharging period

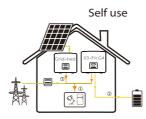
In this period, the inverter will allow the battery to charge but can not discharge power.



#### Note!

The charging and discharging period is only applicable for self-use mode, feed-in priority and backup mode.

The introduction of work modes below is on the premise that this inverter works with a grid-tied inverter.



The self use mode is suitable for areas with low feed-in subsidies and high electricity prices.

The power of PV will supply the loads first, and surplus power will charge the battery, then the remaining power will feed into the grid.

Priority: Loads > Battery > Grid

#### Feed-in priority



The feed-in priority mode is suitable for areas with high feed-in subsidies, but has feed-in power limitation. The power generated from PV is directed towards supplying the loads. Any excess power beyond the load requirements will be fed into the grid, and the remaining power will be utilized to charge the battery.

Priority: Loads > Grid > Battery

#### Backup mode



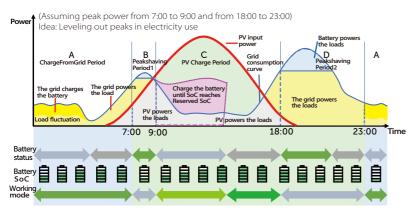
The back-up mode is suitable for areas with frequent power outages. This mode will maintain the battery capacity at relatively high level to ensure that the emergency loads can be used when the grid is off. Same working logic with "self use" mode.

Priority: Loads > Battery > Grid

Introduction

#### Peak shaving mode

Peak shaving mode is set for leveling out peaks in electricity use. The system is intelligently controlled to ensure charging takes place during off-peak hours and discharging occurs during peak hours.



Time period	Battery SoC	Load and peaklimits conditions	Inverter working status
Period A	X	X	Battery charging period during which discharging is not allowed and the PV will charge the battery first for peak shaving.
X Load < When the battery is fu Peaklimits will supply power for lo		The PV will charge the battery first. When the battery is fully charged, the PV will supply power for loads, and the surplus power will feed into the grid.	
	Х	Load > Peaklimits	The PV and battery will discharge energy for loads and thus reduce the amount of energy purchased from the grid.
Period C X X I loads, into tl		X	<ul> <li>The battery does not discharge. The PV will charge the battery to the Reserved SoC first and then supply power for loads, with the surplus power feeding into the grid.</li> <li>Charging the battery first in these periods is storing energy for the peak shaving.</li> </ul>

#### Note:

**PeakLimits (W):** The load consumption from grid side **Reserved SoC (%):** Refers to the lower limit of SoC required for later peak shaving period. The default value is 50%. The adjustment range is 10~100%.

X: Not applicable

#### TOU mode

In TOU mode, different working modes, i.e Self-use, Charging, Discharging, Peaking shaving and Battery off can be set for different time periods in accordance with actual needs and environment conditions through Cloud App or Web.

The day can be divided into up to 10 time slots. You can set different work modes for each time slot. Please refer to App Guide for details about how to set the TOU mode.

Time slot	Working Mode
X:XX~X:XX	Choose one from Self-use / Charging / Discharging / Battery off / Peaking shaving

#### Note:

**Self-use**: Same working logic with **Self-use Mode**, but it is not limited by the charging and discharging time slots. The priority of PV: Loads > Battery > Grid.

**Charging:** When you set the maximum battery charging power, the PV will charge the battery with the maximum charging power if its energy is sufficient. Besides, you can choose to enable ChargeFromGrid and set the target SOC of battery charging. In this way, when power from the PV is insufficient, the battery can be charged by the grid with the maximum charging power.

Discharging: If allowed by the battery, the system outputs electricity to the grid according to the specified power output percentage or value, controlling the power at the AC port. You need to set a value for Rate of AC Power (% or W) through Web or App when choosing Discharging. Peak Shaving: The working logic is that when the power consumption from the grid exceeds the set PeakLimit value, the battery is allowed to discharge power. The excess power beyond the limit is provided by the combination of photovoltaic and battery to ensure that the maximum power purchased from the grid does not exceed the set limit. You need

to set the **PeakLimit** value through App or Web when choosing Peak Shaving mode.

**Battery off**: The battery neither charges nor discharges. The power of PV will supply to loads or the grid. Only when the battery SoC is lower than the system (**TOU**) **Min SoC**, the battery can be charged.



#### Note!

- The battery will stop discharging when the battery SoC= **Min SoC**. But due to battery self consumption, sometimes the battery SoC may < **Min SoC**.
- For on-grid status, if the battery SoC ≤ (Min SoC-5%), the inverter will draw electricity from the grid to charge battery SoC back to Min SoC+1%.

#### EPS (Off-grid) mode



In case of power failure, the system will provide uninterrupted power supply to the EPS loads through the battery. (The battery must be installed, and the EPS loads should not exceed the maximum output power of the battery.)

Priority: Loads > Battery



#### Note!

• For off-grid status, if the battery SoC ≤**Min SoC**, the inverter will be unable to enter EPS mode (the battery will be unable to discharge energy unless the battery SoC is back to 31%.).

#### Manual mode

This working mode is only for the after-sales team to do after-sales maintenance. It includes **Forced Discharge**, **Forced Charge** and **Stop chrg&dischrg**. The system will restore to the original working mode after six hours Manual mode set.

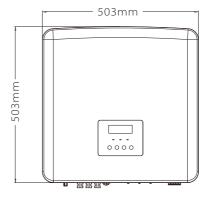
#### Smart schedule mode

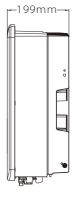
Smart Schedule mode is based on the fact that the inverter is connected to a datahub, which makes intelligent predictions and automatically adjusts the inverter's operating mode based on the information it obtains. In Smart Schedule mode, different working modes, i.e Self-use (SS), Feedin priority (SS), Smart Schedule (SS) can be set for different time periods in accordance with actual needs and environment conditions through SolaXCloud App or Web.

#### Note:

- Self-use (SS): Same working logic with "Self-use Mode", but it is not limited by the charging and discharging time slots. It is also not allowed to draw power from the grid. The priority of PV: Loads > Battery > Grid.
- Feedin priority (SS): Same working logic with "Feedin priority Mode", but it
  is not limited by the charging and discharging time slots. It is also not
  allowed to draw power from the grid. The priority of PV: Loads > Grid >
  Battery.
- • BAT Not Discharge (SS): The PV will power the load. When PV is insufficient, the grid will power to the load. The battery not discharge power. The priority of PV: Loads > Battery.

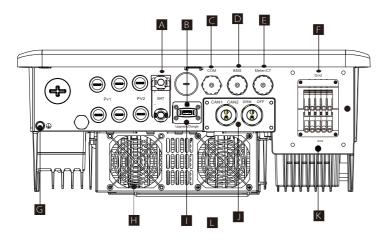
#### 2.4 Dimension





Introduction Technical Data

## 2.5 Terminals of Inverter



Object	Description	Decisive voltage class
А	Battery connection port	DVC-C
В	USB port for upgrading	DVC-A
$\subset$	COM port	DVC-A
D	Battery communication	DVC-A
Е	Meter/CT Port	DVC-A
F	Grid connection port	DVC-C
G	Ground connection port	-
Н	Fans (only for 12.0kW and 15.0kW)	-
	External monitoring connection port	DVC-A
J	CAN1 and CAN2 are for parallel communication / OFF is for external shutdown/ DRM Port (only for Australia)	DVC-A
K	EPS(Off-grid) Output (main load connection port)	DVC-C



## Warning!

Qualified electrician required for the installation.

## 3 Technical Data

## 3.1 AC Output/Input

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
AC Output				
Nominal AC output power [VA]	6000	8000	10000 (10.0K-W 9999)	15000(PEA 14000)
Max. Output Apparent power [VA]	6600	8800	11000 (10.0K-W 9999)	15000
Nominal AC voltage [a.c. V]		415/240; 400	/230; 380/220	
Nominal AC frequency [Hz]		50/	60	
Max. AC output current [a.c. A]	9.7	12.9	16.1	24.1
Current (inrush)(at 50 µs) [a.c. A]		. 3	0	
Rated Output Current [a.c. A]	8.7	11.6	14.5	21.8
Power Factor Range	1 (0.8 leading0.8 lagging)			
Total harmonic distortion(THDi)	< 3%			
Maximum output fault current (at 5ms) [a.c. A]		68	3	
Maximum output overcurrent protection [a.c. A]		68	3	
AC Input				
Rated AC input power [W]	12000	16000	20000	20000
Max. AC input apparent power [W]	12000	16000	20000	22000
Nominal AC voltage(range) [a.c. V]	415/240; 400/230; 380/220			
Nominal AC frequency [Hz]	50/60			
Max. AC current [a.c. A]	19.3	25.8	32.0	32.0

## 3.2 Battery

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
Battery type	Lithium-ion battery/ Lead-acid battery			
Battery voltage range [d.c. V]	120-800			
Max. continuous charge/ discharge current [d.c. A]	30A			
Communication interface	CAN/RS485			
Reverse connection protection	Yes			

Technical Data

Technical Data

## 3.3 Efficiency, Safety and Protection

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
Battery discharge efficiency (BAT to AC)(@ full load)	97.5%	97.5%	97.5%	97.5%
Security & Protection				
Safety		EN/IEC 62	2109-1/-2	
Grid Monitoring	VDE4105, G99, G98, AS4777, EN 50549, CEI 0-21, IEC 61727, PEA / MEA, NRS-097-2-1, RD 1699, TOR			
AC SPD Protection	Integrated			
Over/under voltage protection	YES			
Grid protection	YES			
Back feed current monitoring	YES			
Residual current detection	YES			
Active anti-islanding method	Frequency Shift			
Over load protection	YES			
Over heat protection	YES			
Array insulation resistance detection	YES			

## 3.4 EPS (Off-grid) Output

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
EPS(Off-grid) rated power [VA]	6000	8000	10000	15000
EPS(Off-grid) rated voltage [a.c. V]	400V/230VAC			
Frequency [ Hz]	50/60			
Max. continous current [a.c. A]	8.7	11.6	14.5	21.8
EPS(Off-grid) Peak Power [VA]	12000, 10s	18000, 10s	18000, 10s	22500, 10s
Switching time [s]	<10ms			
Total harmonic distortion (THDv)	<3 %			

## 3.5 Generic Data

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-150-W X3-Fit-150-M
Dimensions (W/H/D)[mm]	503*503*199			
Dimensions of Packing (W/H/D)[mm]		560*62	5*322	
Net weight [kg]	30±1	30±1	30±1	30±1
Gross weight * [kg]	34±1	34±1	34±1	34±1
Heat dissipation treatment		Natural Cool	ling	Smart Cooling
Noise emission(typical) [dB]		<35		<45
Storage temperature range [°C]		-40 to +70	)	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range[°C]	-35 to +60 (derating at 45)			
Humidity [%]	4% to 100% (Condensing)			
Altitude [m]	<3000			
Ingress Protection	IP65			
Protective Class	I			
Cold standby consumption	<5W			
Overvoltage category	III(MAINS), II(PV, Battery)			
Pollution Degree	III			
Installation mode	Wall mounted			
Inverter Topology	Non-isolated			
Communication interface	Meter (optional), external control RS485, Pocket WiFi (optional: Pocket Lan/ 4G), DRM, USB Upgrade, NTC (optional)			

<sup>\*</sup> The specific gross weight is subject to the actual situation of the whole machine.

Installation

## 4 Installation

## 4.1 Check for Transport Damage

Ensure that the inverter is in good condition via transportation. If there is any visible damage such as cracks, please contact the dealer immediately.

## 4.2 Packing List

Open the package and check the materials and accessories according to the following list.































Number	Quantity	Description
/	1 pc	Inverter
А	1 pair	Negative battery connector & pin contact
В	1 pair	Positive battery connector & pin contact
С	5 pairs	(Expansion tubes, expansion bolts, screws)
D	5 pcs	Washers
Е	1 pc	M5 inner hexagon screw
F	3 pairs	Waterproof connectors with RJ45
G	/	Documents
Н	6 pcs	RJ 45 terminals
I	1 pc	RJ45 connector
J	1 pc	OT terminal
K	12 pcs	6 mm² ferrules
L	1 pc	AC protective cover
/	1 pc	Bracket
/	1 pc	Dongle (optional)

Note: "H" The inverter in Australia needs to be connected to DRM, which is 1 more communication line adapter than that in other countries.

For the optional accessories, please be subject to the actual delivery.

#### 4.3 Installation Precautions

The protection level of the inverter is IP 65, so that the inverter can be installed outdoors.

Check the installation environment and pay attention to the following conditions when installing:

- Do not expose to strong light.
- Do not touch flammable building materials.
- Do not approach flammable and explosive gases or liquids (e.g. where chemicals are stored).
- Do not touch cold air directly.
- Do not approach TV antenna or cable.
- Do not place in areas above 3000 meters above sea level.
- $\bullet$  Do not install in precipitation or high humidity, which may cause

corrosion or damage Internal devices.

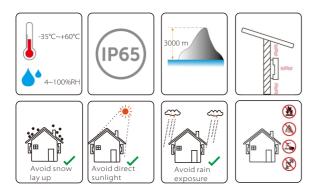
• Keep the system out of reach of children.

If the inverter is installed in a narrow area, be sure to reserve appropriate space for heat dissipation.

The ambient temperature of the installation site is  $-35^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +60^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The maximum angle range of wall tilt ±5°.

Avoid direct sunlight, rain and snow weather.





#### Note!

- For outdoor installation, precautions against direct sunlight, rain exposure and snow accumulation are recommended.
- Exposure to direct sunlight raises the temperature inside the device. This temperature rise poses no safety risks, but may impact the device performance.

## 4.4 Tool preparation

	Tool equipment			
Туре	Name	Image	Name	Image
	Hammer drill (Bit Φ8)		Multimeter DC Voltage Range ≥1100 V DC	
	Measuring tape		Utility knife	
	Marker		Cross screwdriver	
n Tools	Flat-head screwdriver		Allen key	
nstallatio	Wire stripper		Crimping tool for RJ45	
Machine Installation Tools	MC4 Crimping tool		Diagonal pliers	
	Crimping tool		Crimping tool for ferrules	
	Wire cutter	E.V.	Rubber mallet	
	Torque wrench	© Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	Spirit level	<u> </u>
·	Heat gun		Φ6 mm Heat shrink tubing	
Individual Protection	Safety gloves		Safety boots	
Protection Tools	Safety goggles		Anti-dust mask	

Installation

Туре	Name	Image	Requirement
Equipment Preparation	Breaker		Grid port and EPS(Off-grid) port wiring section (4.5.2)
	PV end wire		Dedicated PV wire, line number #4 mm <sup>2</sup> withstand voltage 1000V, temperature resistance 105 <b>°C</b> fire resistance grade VW-1
	EPS (Off-grid) end wire	*	Five-core cable
Cable Preparation	Grid end wire	*	Five-core cable
	Communi- cation lines		Twisted pair with shield
	Battery Cable		Conventional wire
	PE Cable		Conventional wire

<sup>\*</sup>The parameters have some differences because of different environment and material. Please choose appropriate cable and micro-breaker according to the local conditions.

## 4.5 Installation Site Conditions4.5.1 Installation Carrier Requirements

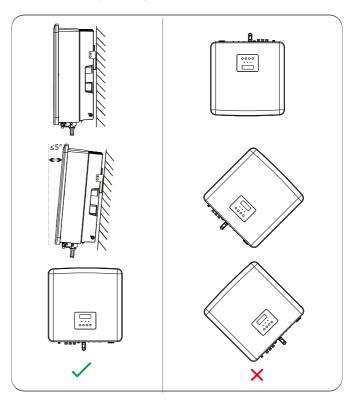
Do not install the inverter near flammable materials.

Please install the inverter on a solid object that can withstand the weight requirements of the inverter and energy storage system.

Please be careful not to install the inverter in the plasterboard wall or similar to the residential places with poor sound insulation, so as not to work with noise and interfere with the residents' life in the morning.

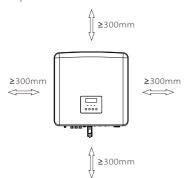
## 4.5.2 Installation Requirements

Install the inverter at a maximum back tilt of 5 degrees, the inverter can not be tilted forward, inverted, excessive back tilted or side tilted.



## 4.5.3 Installation Space Requirements

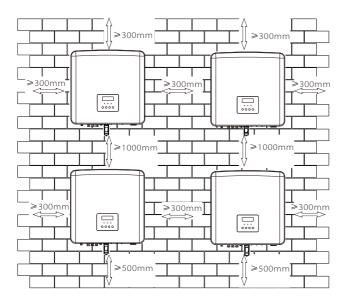
Reserve enough space when installing inverter (at least 300mm) for heat dissipation.



Reserved space dimensions of installation

Position	Min Distance
Left	300mm
Right	300mm
Up	300mm
Down	500mm

For multi-inverter installation scenarios, the inline installation method is recommended; when the space is insufficient, the recommended method of installation in the form of "products"; it is not recommended to install multiple inverters in stacks. If you choose stack installation, please refer to the installation separation distance below.



## 4.6 Mounting

#### > Preparation

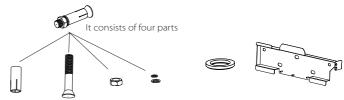
Please prepare the following tools before installation.



Installation tools: screwdriver, wrench,  $\Phi 8$  drill, rubber hammer, socket wrench set and Hexagon keys.

#### > Step 1: Fix the wall bracket to the wall

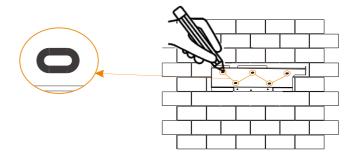
First find the expansion screw and the bracket in the accessory bag, as shown below:



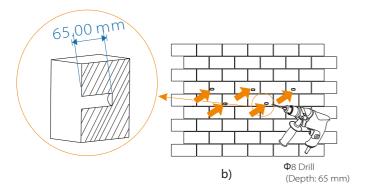
Expansion screw, Expansion bolt, Screw nut, Washers Washer

Bracket

- a) Use a spirit level and a marker to mark drilling holes of the bracket on the wall.
- b) Drill holes at marked spots with depth of 65 mm.

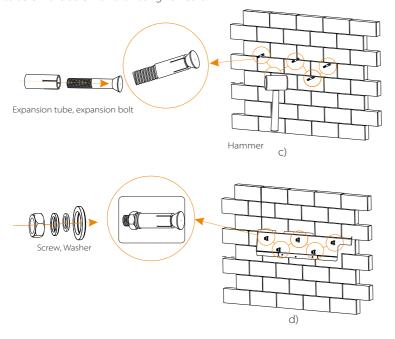


Installation



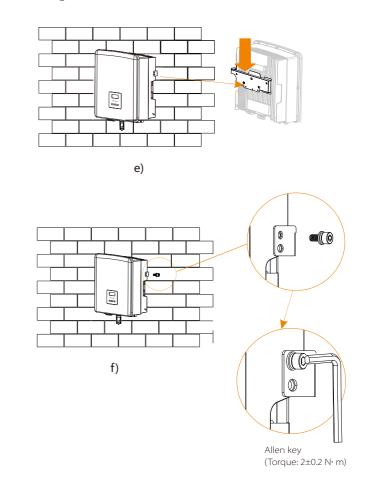
## > Step 2: hang the inverter on the bracket

c) Insert an expansion bolt into an expansion tube and then insert them into the hole, use rubber hammer to knock them into the wall; d) Hang the bracket on the expansion bolts on the wall, put different types of washers into the bolts and then use the inner hexagonal wrench to screw the screw until a "bang" is heard.



## > Step 3: Tighten the inverter and bracket

- e ) Hang the buckle on the inverter to the corresponding position of the backplane;
- f) Use the inner hexagonal wrench to tighten the inner hexagonal screw on the right side of the inverter.



## 5 Electrical Connections

## 5.1 Grid Port and EPS(Off-grid) Output Connection

The inverter are three-phase inverter. Suitable for rated voltage 380/400/415V, frequency 50/60Hz. Other technical requests should comply with the requirement of the local public grid.

#### Grid port connection

#### Grid Cable and Micro-breaker recommended

Model	<b>X3-Fit-6.0-W</b> X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
Cable (copper)	4~6mm²	4~6mm²	5~6mm²	5~6mm²
Micro-Breaker	20A	32A	40A	40A

#### EPS(Off-grid) Cable and Micro-breaker recommended

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	<b>X3-Fit-8.0-W</b> X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
Cable (copper)	4~6mm²	4~6mm²	4~6mm²	4~6mm²
Micro-Breaker	16A	20A	25A	32A

The load should not be directly connected to the inverter.

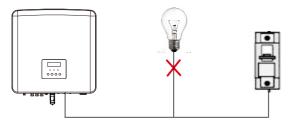


Figure: Wrong connection of load and inverter

#### 5.2 EPS(Off-grid) Block Diagram

The inverter has an EPS (Off-grid) function. When the grid is connected, the inverter outputs go through the Grid port, and when the grid is disconnected, the inverter outputs go through the EPS (Off-grid) port. The EPS (Off-grid) function can be connected to part of the load, Please refer to the following diagram for the wiring.

If you want to save installation time, you will need an accessory. If you need a solution, please contact our sales staff.

#### > EPS (Off-grid) wiring diagram

For to different local wiring rules, please refer to the diagram below Please select the appropriate wiring method according to local wiring rules.

## Diagram A: N line and PE line separate wiring; (For most countries)

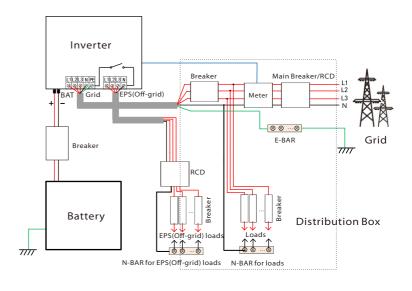


Diagram B: N line and PE line separate wiring; (For most countries)

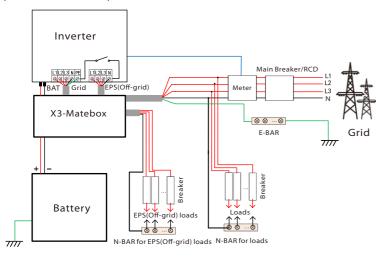
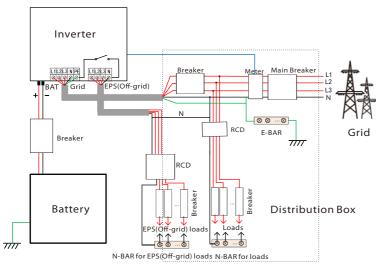
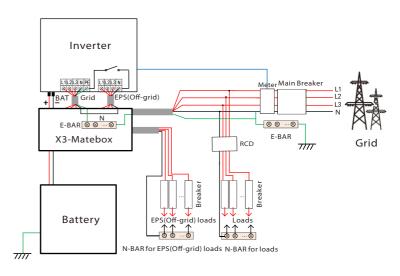


Diagram C: N line and PE line together; (Applicable to Australia)



## Diagram D: N line and PE line together, all load connection EPS (Off-grid) scheme;(Applicable to Australia)



X3-Matebox is a convenient wiring accessory. Please refer to X3-Matebox for details. If you need to purchase X3-Matebox, please contact us.



The RCD on the figure represents a leakage protection device with a circuit breaker function.

To use X3-Matebox's **Diagram B** and **Diagram D**, you need to set "X3-Matebox" to "Enable" in "Settings"; The Australian customer must shorten the N lines of the Grid and the EPS(Off-grid) in the X3-Matebox. If your local wiring method does not follow the above operation guide, especially the neutral wire, ground wire, RCD wire, please contact our company before operation.

#### > EPS (Off-grid) load requirements

#### Warning!

Ensure that the EPS (Off-grid) load rated power is within the EPS (Off-grid) rated output power range, otherwise, the inverter will report an "overload" warning.



When "overload" occurs, adjust the load power to make sure it is within the EPS (Off-grid) rated output power range, and the inverter will automatically return to normal.

For non-linear loads, ensure that the inrush current power is within the EPS (Off-grid) rated output power range. When the configuration current is less than the maximum DC input current, the capacity and voltage of lithium and lead acid will decrease linearly.

The following table shows some common loads for your reference.

Note: Please check with the manufacturer for high-power inductive loads.

Content	Po	wer	Common	Instance		
Content	Start	Rated	equipment	Equipment	Start	Rated
Resistive load	X 1	X 1	Incandescent lamp	100W Incandescent lamp	100VA (W)	100VA (W)
Inductive load	X 3~5	X 2	Fan Fridge	150W Fridge	450-750VA (W)	300VA (W)

Note: The EPS load of the inverter does not support a half-wave load, and the half-wave load cannot be used here.

### > Grid and EPS (Off-grid) connection steps

Connection requirements

Note: Check the grid voltage and compare the voltage range (see technical data).

Disconnect the circuit board from all power sources to prevent electric shock.

The Grid and the EPS (Off-grid) ports of the inverter have been connected, for specific installation details, please refer to the X3-Matebox Quick Installation Guide. And the inverter needs to be wired according to the following steps.

**Step 1.** Prepare a Grid cable (five-core wire) and an EPS (Off-grid) cable (four-core wire), and then find the ferrules and AC protective cover in the accessory bag.



6 mm<sup>2</sup> Grid (Five-Core Cable)



6 mm<sup>2</sup> EPS (Off-grid)(Four-Core Cable)

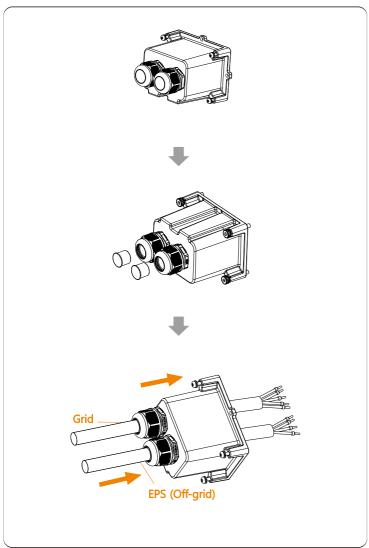


6 mm<sup>2</sup> ferrules\*10

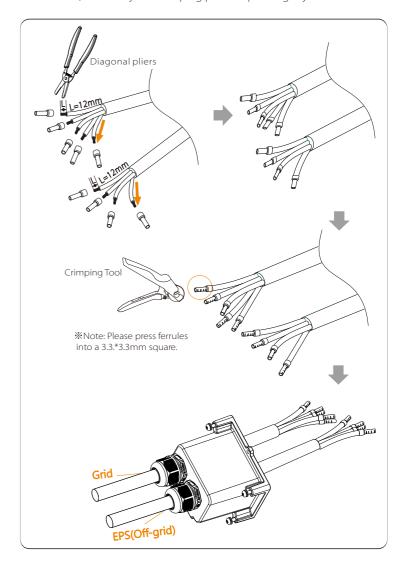


AC protective cover

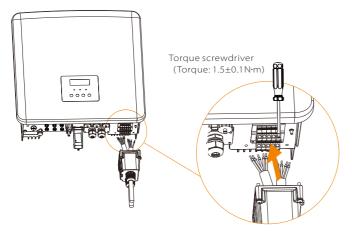
**Step 2.** First remove the waterproof housing plug, and then the Grid and EPS (Off-grid) cables through the waterproof housing corresponding to the Grid and EPS (Off-grid) ports.



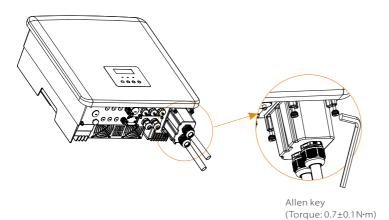
**Step 3.** Remove the 12mm insulation layer at the end of the wire. Insert ferrules respectively, and make sure that the stripped ends are inserted into ferrules, and finally use crimping pliers to press tightly.



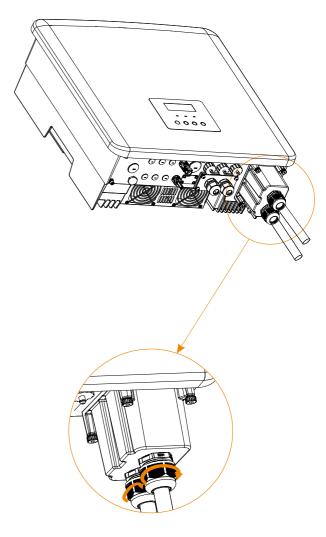
**Step 4.** Find the location of the AC interface on the inverter, insert the crimped terminals into the UW10 terminals L1, L2,L3,N, and PE according to the wire sequence, and use a flat-blade screwdriver to tighten the screws. (Torque: 1.5±0.1N·m)



**Step 5.** Install the AC protective cover, and tighten the screws on the four sides of the cover with an Hexagon keys.



**Step 6.** Tighten the waterproof fastening head.



## 5.3 Battery Connection

#### Connection requirements

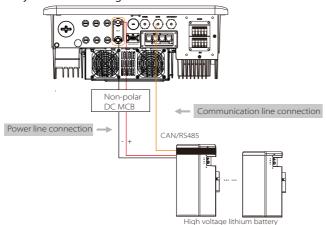
The inverter charge and discharge system can be equipped with high voltage lithium battery. Note that the maximum voltage of the battery should not exceed 650 V, battery communication should be compatible with the inverter.

### ➤ Battery Breaker

Before connecting the battery, a non-polar DC MCB must be installed to ensure safety. Before maintenance, the inverter need to be safely disconnected.

Model	X3-Fit-6.0-W X3-Fit-6.0-M	X3-Fit-8.0-W X3-Fit-8.0-M	X3-Fit-10.0-W X3-Fit-10.0K-W X3-Fit-10.0-M	X3-Fit-15.0-W X3-Fit-15.0-M
Voltage	Nominal volta voltage of ba	age of DC breaker sho ttery.	ould be larger than m	naximum
Current[A]		32A		

#### ➤ Battery connection diagram



Composition		
BMS	Battery pack	
T-BAT 5.8 (1 pc)****	HV11550 (1-3 pcs)*	
MC0600 (1 pc)	HV10230 (2-4 pcs)	
TBMS-MCR0800 (1 pc)	TP-HR25 (4~13 pcs)**	
TBMS-MCR0800 (1 pc)	TP-HR36 (4~13 pcs)**	
TBMS-MCS0800 (1 pc)	TP-HS25 (3~13 pcs)**	
TBMS-MCS0800 (1 pc)	TP-HS36 (3~13 pcs)**	
TBMS-S51-8 (1 pc)	TB-HS51 (3~13 pcs)	
	BMS T-BAT 5.8 (1 pc)**** MC0600 (1 pc) TBMS-MCR0800 (1 pc) TBMS-MCR0800 (1 pc) TBMS-MCS0800 (1 pc) TBMS-MCS0800 (1 pc) TBMS-MCS0800 (1 pc)	

<sup>\*:</sup> Battery pack HV11550 has versions V1 and V2, V1 and V2 with the same number of inverters, the specific collocation refers to the relevant part of the battery manual.
\*\*: For X3-Hybrid-5.5-D LV and X3-Hybrid-8.3-D LV inverters, only 4~11 battery packs (TP-HR25/

### ➤ Battery connection steps

Battery port connection line of the inverter is on the X3-Matebox, for specific installation details, please refer to the X3-Matebox Quick Installation Guide It is necessary to wire the inverter according to the following steps.



#### Note!

It is recommended that the BMS communication cables and battery power cables between the inverter and the battery be no more than 3 meters.

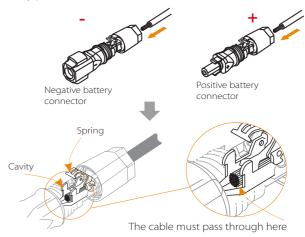
Step 1. Turn off the DC switch, connect the BAT module, prepare a 8 mm<sup>2</sup> BAT cable, and find the BAT (+) terminal and BAT (-) terminal in the package.



Step 2. Use a wire stripper to strip the 15 mm insulation layer of the wire end.



**Step 3.** Tighten the cable with the insulation layer stripped and insert it into the battery pin contacts, make sure all wires are well connected.

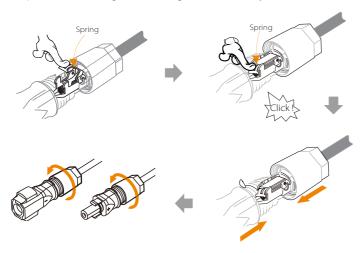


TP-HR36) and a corresponding BMS can be installed with an inverter; only 3~11 battery packs (TP-HS36) and a corresponding BMS can be installed with an inverter.

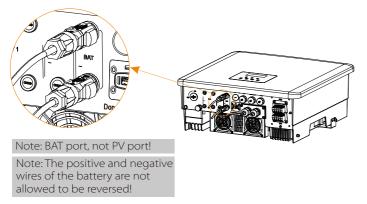
\*\*\*: For T-BAT-SYS-HV-S2.5 and T-BAT-SYS-HV-S3.6, 3 battery packs and 1 BMS is the minimum

quantity to be installed with an inverter. If there is no PV input and the total voltage of the system with three battery packs is at a minimum of 127 V, the system will not operate.
\*\*\*:! It is an integrated BMS, including a master system and a slave system (S.8 kW).

**Step 4.** Press down on the spring by hand, you can hear a click sound, then push the ends together, and tighten the screw joints.



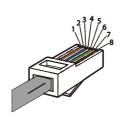
**Step 5.** Insert the battery power cables into the corresponding BAT port (+), (-) of the inverter.



#### > Communication connection

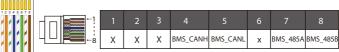
#### BMS port definition

The communication interface between the inverter and the battery uses the waterproof connector with RJ 45.





- 1) White with orange stripes
- 2) Orange
- 3) White with green stripes
- 4) Blue
- 5) White with blue stripes
- 6) Green
- 7) White with brown stripes
- 8) Brown





#### Note!

After the BMS communication between the battery and the inverter is finished, the battery will work normally.

# 5.4 Communication Connection (COM/ Meter/ CT/ CAN1/ CAN2/ DRM/ OFF port)

#### 5.4.1 Introduction to COM Communication

COM communication interface is mainly provided for customization the second step of development use. The inverter supports the control of external equipment or external equipment control through communication. For example, the inverter adjusts the working mode of the heat pump and so on.

#### > COM PIN Definition



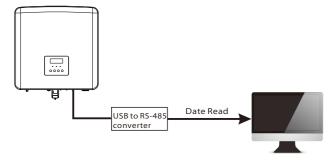
#### Note!

Customers can communicate or control the inverter and external devices through the COM interface. Professional users can use pins 4 and 5 to realize data acquisition and external control functions. The communication protocol is Modbus RTU. For details, please contact us. If the user wants to use the inverter dry contact to control external equipment (such as a heat pump), it can be used with our's Adapter Box. For details, please refer to the Quick Installation Manual of the Adapter Box.

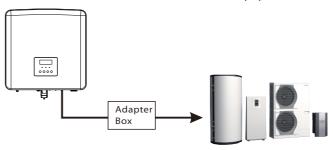
### > Application occasion

COM is a standard communication interface, through which the monitoring data of the inverter can be directly obtained. Also, external communication devices can be connected to carry out the secondary development of the inverter. For specific technical docking, please contact us.

#### External communication equipment controls the inverter:



#### Inverter communication control external equipment:



#### 5.4.2 Introduction to meter Communication

The inverter can only work with an electric meter to monitor household electricity usage. The electricity meter can transmit the relevant electricity data to the inverter or platform, which is convenient for users to read at anytime.

#### Users can choose to use electric meters only.

Please note that the meter brand required by our company must be used.



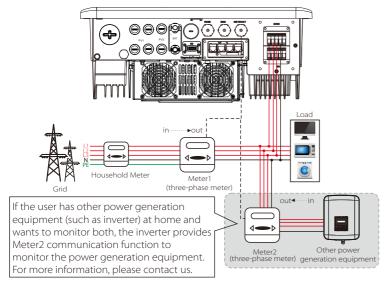
#### Note!

The meter must be connected to the inverter, otherwise the inverter will shut down and alarm "meter failure" alarm. Smart meters must be authorized by us, third party or other companies, Unauthorized meter may be incompatible with the inverter.

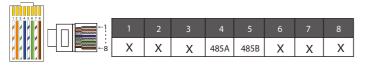
Our company will not be responsible for the impact caused by the use of other appliances.

Note: Only meters can be used when the inverters work.

#### ➤ Electric meter connection diagram



Note: If you want to connect the meter, please ground the GND terminal of the Meter1.

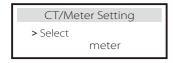


#### Note!

Only meter connections can be selected. Meter cable goes to pin terminal 4 and 5.

#### LCD settings

To select meter, you need to enter Use setting, then enter CT/Meter Setting.

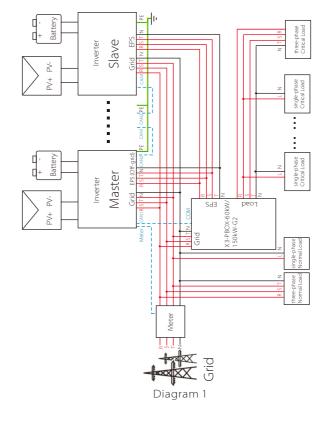


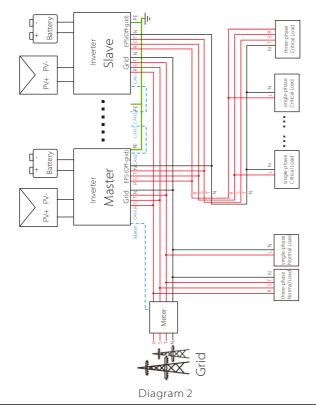
#### 5.4.3 Parallel Communication (CAN1/CAN2 port)

The inverter provides a parallel function. 10 inverters can be maximally connected in diagram 1. And diagram 2 allows up to three inverters to be connected. In these two systems, one inverter will be set as the "master inverter" which controls every other "slave inverter" in the system. In diagram 1, an X3-PBOX-150kW-G2 should be equipped and connected to the "master inverter," "slave inverter 1" should be connected to the "master inverter," and all other "slave inverters" are connected via network cable in a numbered sequence. An X3-PBOX-60kW-G2 can be selected when no more than six inveters are paralleled in diagram 1 system.

\* X3-Hybrid/Fit-D&X3-Hybrid/Fit-M + X3 Matebox Basic supports parallel function. X3-Hybrid-M + X3 Matebox advanced does not support parallel function.

## > System Diagram







#### Important Warning!

- The parallel system is extremely complex and a large amount cables need to be connected, therefore it is strongly required that every cable must be connected according to correct line sequence(R-R, S-S, T-T, N-N), otherwise any small misoperation may cause the system running failed.
- In diagram 2, INCORRECT line sequence (R-R, S-S, T-T, N-N) will damage the inverter. To avoid the damage, the default "Disable" has been set to "Enable" in "External ATS" under "Advance Settings". Please set the default "Enable" in "External ATS" back to "Disable".

#### Work Modes in parallel system

There are three work modes in parallel system, and your acknowledge of different inverter's work modes will help you understand parallel system better, therefore please read it carefully before operating.

Free mode	Only if no one inverter is set as a "Master", all inverters are in free mode in the system.
Master mode	When one inverter is set as a "Master", this inverter enters master mode.  Master mode can be changed to free mode.
Slave mode	Once one inverter is set as a "Master", all other inverters will enter slave mode automatically. slave mode can not be changed from other modes by LCD setting.

## Wiring Operation and LCD Setting



Note: Before operation, please make sure that the inverter meets the following three conditions,



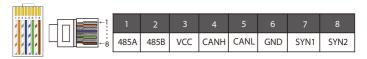
- 1. The software version of all inverters is the same;
- 2. The power range of all inverter models is the same;
- 3. The type and quantity of batteries connected to all inverters are the same;

Otherwise, this function cannot be used.

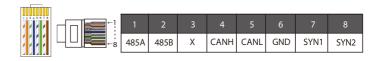


Note: There are two CAN ports on the inverter. The CAN port of the inverter set as the "host" is connected. The CAN port on the left on the bottom frame of the inverter must be connected to the COM port of the X3-PBOX-60kW/150kW -G2, and the CAN port on the right is connected "Slave".

#### CAN1 PIN Definition



#### CAN2 PIN Definition



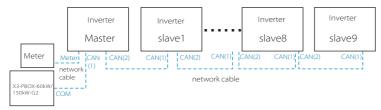


The communication cables between the CAN1 and CAN2 terminals of the inverters in parallel and between the CAN1 terminal of the master inverter and the COM terminal of X3-PBOX series device be no more than 30 meters.

## For diagram 1

Step 1: Connect all inverters' communication together by connecting network cables between CAN ports.

- Use standard network cables for CAN-CAN connection and insert one end of the cable into CAN1 of the master inverter and the other end into the COM port of X3-PBOX-150kW-G2.(X3-PBOX-60kW/150kW -G2 can be applied when six inverters are included in a parallel system.)
- Insert one end of network cable into the first inverter's CAN2 port and the other end into the next inverter's CAN1 port and other inverters are connected in such way.
- Insert one end of network cable into the meter, and the other end into the meter port the master inverter.

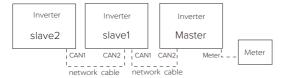


Note: In the parallel connection of the Fit series inverters, only the meter can be used.

#### For diagram 2

Step1: Connect all inverters' communication together by connecting network cables between CAN ports.

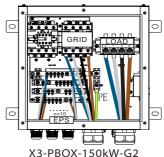
- Use standard network cables for CAN-CAN connection.
- Use network cable to connect master inverter CAN2 port and slave 1 inverter CAN1 port, and connect slave 1 inverter CAN2 port and slave 2 inverter CAN1 port.
- Use network cable to connect master inverter meter port and meter.



Step 2: Connect the power cable between X3-PBOX-60kW/150kW-G2 and inverter (R/S/T/N/PE) in diagram 1.

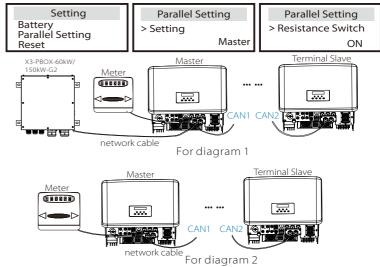
-If the user purchased the X3-PBOX-60kW/150kW-G2 product, please refer to the X3-PBOX-60kW/150kW-G2 user manual for installation and connection.

For example, the wiring diagram of the X3-PBOX-150kW-G2 power line.



Step 3: Turn on the power of the entire system, find the inverter connected to the meter, enter the setting page of the inverter LCD screen, click on the parallel settings, and select "master control"; then enter the "resistance switch" and set it to "ON";

Finally, find the last slave in the parallel system and enter the setting page of the inverter LCD screen and set the "resistance switch" to "ON".



#### How to Remove parallel system

If one inverter wants to exit from this parallel system, please do the steps as below:

- -Step1: Enter setting page and click parallel setting, and choose "Free".
- -Step2: Disconnect all the network cables on the CAN port.

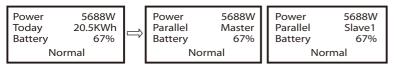


- If a slave inverter is set to "Free" mode but not disconnect the network cable, this inverter will return to "slave" mode automatically.
- If a slave inverter is disconnected with other inverter but not be set to "Free" mode, this inverter will stop working and maintain "waiting" status.

#### LCD display

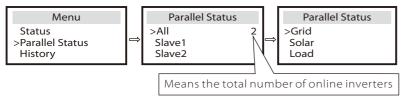
#### Main display:

Once inverter enters parallel system, the "today yield" will be replaced by " Inverter Class", and parallel relevant fault has a higher priority than other faults and will be showed firstly on main display.



#### Status display:

User can obtain all the status data from master inverter. System power and individual slave inverter power can be obtain in status display of master inverter.



#### Parallel Control Function

Master inverter has an absolute lead in the parallel system to control all slave inverter's energy management and dispatch control. Once master inverter has some error and stop working, all slave inverter will be stop simultaneously. But master inverter is independent of all slave inverter to work and will not be affected by slave inverter's

Overall system will be running according to master inverter's setting parameters, and most setting parameters of slave inverter will be kept but not be cancelled. Once slave inverter exit from system and be running as an independent unit, its all setting will be re-excuted. The rest of this section covers several important parallel control functions, and the next page table shows which LCD options are controlled by master inverter and which can work independently.

#### Off mode setting:

Off mode can only be set by master inverter (long press ESC button on LCD).

#### Safety setting:

System safety protection is cancelled by master inverter's safety. slave inverter protection mechanism will only be triggered by master inverter's instructions.

#### Self-use setting:

If system is running as self-use mode, please note the Feedin Power Limit set of master inverter is for the overall system and the corresponding set of slave inverter is invalid.

#### Power Factor setting:

All sets about power factor are all for the overall system and the corresponding sets of slave inverter are invalid.

#### Remote control setting:

The remote demand instructions received by master inverter will be interpreted as the demand instructions to overall system.

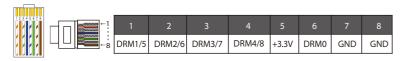
#### External ATS setting:

INCORRECT line sequence (R-R, S-S, T-T, N-N) will damage the inverter. To avoid the damage, the default "Disable" has been set to "Enable" in "External ATS" under "Advance Settings". Users should set the default setting back to "Disable". Because only when a matebox advanced is connected. External ATS needs to be set to "Enable".

## 5.4.4 Introduction to DRM communication (AS4777 regulatory requirements) DRM requirements:

Mode	Requirement
DRM0	Operation disconnect device
DRM1	Do not consume power
DRM2	Do not consume more than 50% of rated power
DRM3	Do not consume more than 75% of rated power AND Source reactive power if capable
DRM4	Increase power consumption (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)
DRM5	Do not generate power
DRM6	Do not generate more than 50% of rated power
DRM7	Do not generate more than 75% of rated power AND Sink reactive power if capable
DRM8	Increase power generation (subject to constraints from other active DRMs)

#### DRM PIN Definition



#### Note!

Currently, only PIN6 (DRM0) and PIN1 (DRM1/5) are available, other PIN functions are under development.

#### 5.4.5 Introduction to OFF port

#### OFF PIN Definition

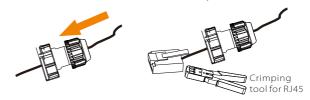


Note: if pin4 and pin6 are connected together, the inverter will be off.

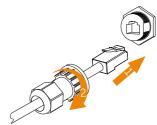
#### 5.4.6 Communication Connection Steps

#### Meter connection steps:

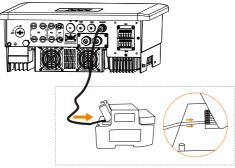
**Step1:** Prepare a waterproof connector with RJ45 and a communication cable. Disassemble the waterproof connector and the RJ45 terminal inside the connector. Strip the cable with the requirement of the Meter Quick Installation Guide. Thread the unstripped end through the waterproof connector. Strip 15 mm insulation jacket off and crimp the end with terminal A in accordance with the pin definition of meter.



**Step2:** Remove the dustproof cover from the Meter/CT port. Insert the communication cable into the Meter/CT port. An audiable "Click" will be heard if it is successfully connected.



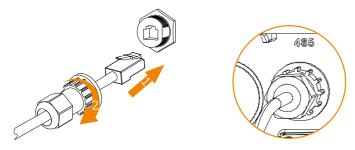
**Step3:** Connect pin 4 and pin 5 of the stripped end directly to the pin 24 and pin 25 of Solax meter or pin B and pin A of Janitza meter UMG 103-CBM\*. Please refer to a meter manual for a specific connection method.



<sup>\*</sup> Solax meter can be purchased from SolaX, but Janitza meter must be prepared by yourself.

### COM port connection steps:

Please refer to 5.5.1 Introduction to COM communication and wire the COM cable in accordance with the COM pin definition. Insert the well crimped cable into the COM port and tighten the swivel nut.



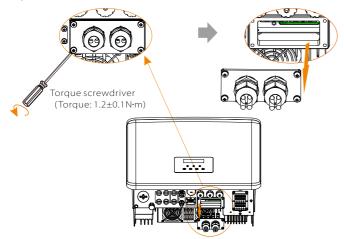
#### CAN1/ CAN2/ DRM/ OFF port connection steps:

Step 1. Prepare a communication cable, and then take out RJ 45 terminals in the accessory bag.

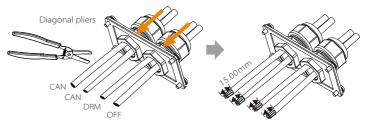
RJ 45 terminal



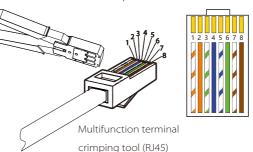
Step 2. Loosen the screws and remove the cover on the inverter.



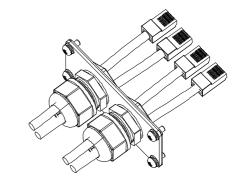
**Step 3.** Thread communication cables through CAN1/ CAN2/ DRM/ OFF port of the cover. And then strip off 15 mm insulation layer.



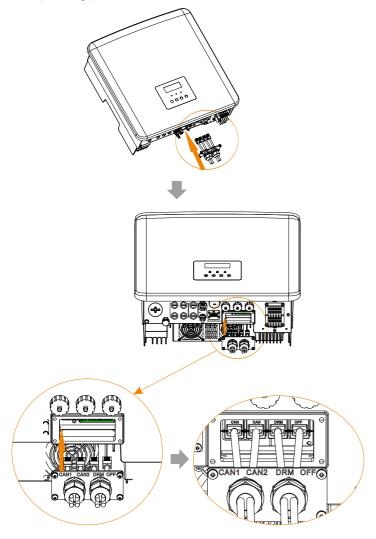
**Step 4.** Crimp each stripped cables with a RJ45 terminal in accordance with CAN1/CAN2/DRM/OFF pin definition.



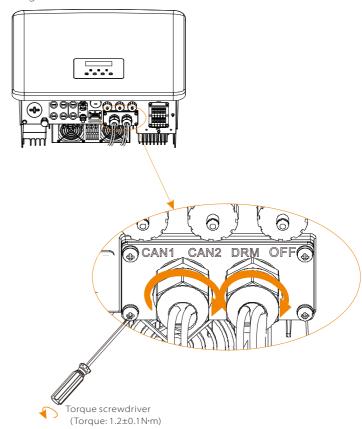
- 1) White with orange stripes
- 2) Orange
- 3) White with green stripes
- 4) Blue
- 5) White with blue stripes
- 6) Green
- 7) White with brown stripes
- 8) Brown



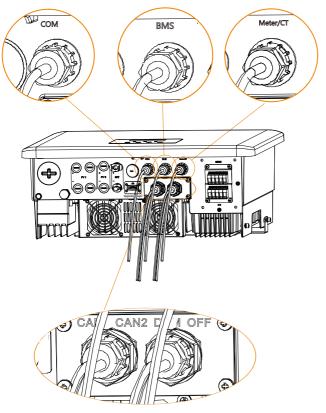
**Step 5.** Insert well crimped CAN1/CAN2/DRM/OFF cables into the corresponding port of the inverter.



**Step 6.** Tighten the screws and lock the cover on the inverter. And then tighten the swivel nuts.



**Step 7:** Here below are the well connected communication cables.



## 5.5 Grounding Connection (Mandatory)

The user must make two ground connections: one shell grounding, and one equipotential grounding. This prevents electric shock.

**Note:** If the PV end of the inverter is not connected with earth, the inverter will turn on a red light Inspect and report ISO Fault. This inverter complies with IEC 62109-2 clause 13.9 for earth fault alarm monitoring.

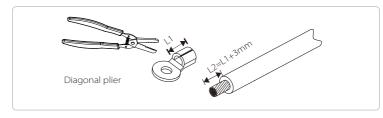
The ground wire port of the inverter has been connected, and needs to be wired according to the following steps.

## > Ground connection steps

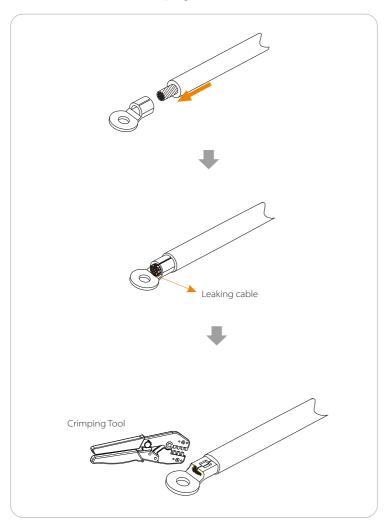
Step 1. Prepare a one-core cable  $(4\sim6~\text{mm}^2)$ , and then find the ground terminal in the accessories.



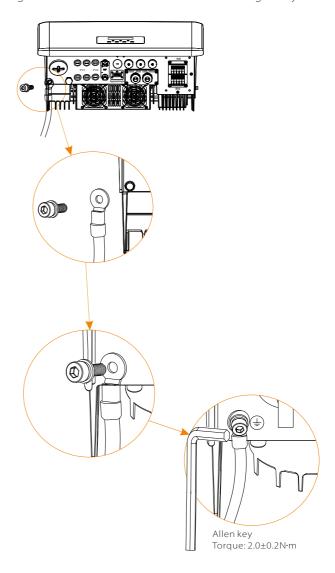
**Step 2.** Strip the grounding cable insulation (length"L2), insert the striped cable into the ring terminal, and then clamp it.



**Step 3.** Insert the striped cable into OT terminal and tighten the terminal with a terminal crimping tool.



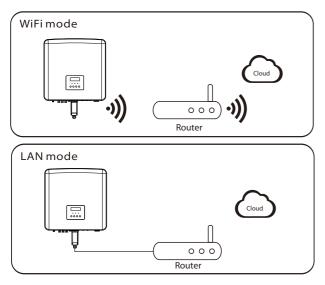
**Step 4.** Find the ground connection port on the inverter, and screw the ground wire on the inverter with an M5 Hexagon keys.



## 5.6 Monitoring Connection (Accessories)

The inverter provides a DONGLE terminal, which can transmit data of the inverter to the monitoring website via WiFi+LAN dongle. The WiFi+Lan dongle is equipped with 2 kinds of communication modes (WiFi mode or LAN mode).

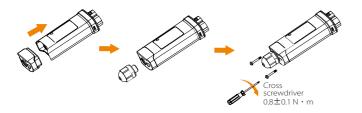
## ➤ DONGLE connection diagram



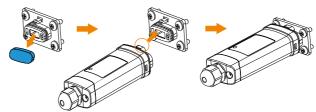
#### ➤ Monitoring wiring Procedure

#### WiFi mode:

a. Assemble the dongle;



b. Plug the dongle to the inverter;





#### Caution!

The buckles must be on the same side. Otherwise, the dongle may be damaged.



#### Note!

- The longest connection distance between the router and the equipment should be no more than 100 meters; if there is a wall between the router and the equipment, the longest connection distance is 20 meters.
- When the WiFi signal is weak, please install a WiFi signal booster at the appropriate location.

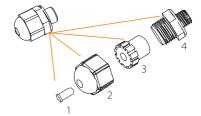


#### Note!

 Please refer to Pocket WiFi + LAN Installation Guide for instructions on configuring the WiFi. It is important to note that the WiFi configuration should be performed after powering on the inverter.

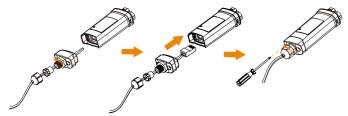
#### LAN mode:

a. Disassemble the waterproof connector into components 1, 2, 3 and 4; Component 1 is not used. Keep it in a safe place.



Electrical Connection Electrical Connection

## b. Assemble the dongle.

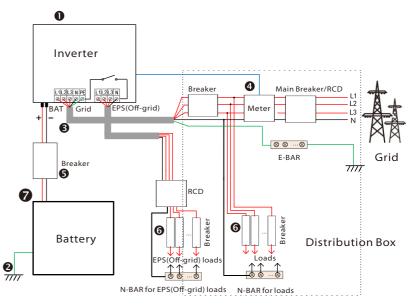


c. Plug the dongle to the inverter.

## 5.7 Check All below Steps before Starting Inverter

- > After the inverter is checked, then conduct the following steps
- Make sure that the inverter is fixed on the wall.
- 2 Ensure that all ground wires are grounded.
- 3 Confirm that all AC lines are connected.
- 4 Make sure the meter is well connected.
- **6** Make sure the battery is well connected.
- **6** Turn on the Load breaker and EPS(Off-grid) breaker.
- Turn on the battery breaker.
- 13 Turn on the DC switch.

Long press the "Enter "key for 5 seconds to exit the Off mode. (The mode is factory defaulted as Off Mode)



Note: The RCD on the figure represents a leakage protection device with a circuit breaker function.

Electrical Connection Electrical Connection

## 5.8 Inverter Operation

## Before operation, check the inverter according to the following steps

- a) Check that the inverter is well fixed on the wall.
- b) Ensure that all ground wires are well tightened.
- c) Ensure that all DC and AC circuit breakers are disconnected.
- d) Ensure that all ground wires are well tightened.
- e) The AC output terminal is correctly connected to the mains.

#### > Start the inverter

- Steps to start the inverter
- Turn on the AC switch between the inverter and the power grid.
- If the battery port of the inverter is connected to a battery, turn on the auxiliary power switch of the battery and then the battery switch.
- Check the status of the LED and LCD screen, the LED is blue, and the
- LCD displays the main interface.
- If the LED is not blue, please check the following:
- All connections are correct.
- All external disconnect switches are closed.
- The DC switch of the inverter is set to the "ON" position.

The following are 3 different states of inverter operation, which means that the inverter starts successfully.

Waiting: When the DC output voltage of the photovoltaic panel is higher than 160V (lowest starting voltage) and lower than 180V (lowest working voltage), the inverter waits for checking.

Checking: The inverter will automatically detect the DC input. When the DC input voltage of the photovoltaic panel is higher than 200V and the photovoltaic panel has enough energy to start the inverter, the inverter will enter the checking state.

Normal: When the inverter is working normally, the green light is always on. At the same time, the power is fed back to the grid, and the LCD displays the output power.

If it is the first time to boot, please follow the prompts to enter the setting interface.

## Warning!

Note!

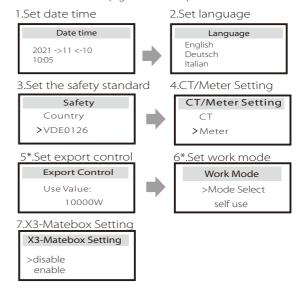


The input terminal of the inverter can be opened only when all the installation work of the inverter has been completed. All electrical connections must be performed by professionals in accordance with local regulations.

# B

If it is the first time to operate the inverter, the system will automatically display setup guide. Please follow the setup guide to complete the basic inverter settings.

Please follow the setup guide to complete the basic inverter settings.



## 5\*.Export Control

This function allows the inverter able to control energy exported to the grid.

There are user value and factory value. The factory value is default which can not be charged by user. The user value set by installer must be less than the factory value.

Firmware Upgrading Firmware Upgrading

# 6 Firmware Upgrade

## ➤ Upgrade notes

Please read the following precautions before upgrading.



#### Warning!

- In order to upgrade the firmware smoothly, if the DSP and ARM firmware need to be upgraded, please note that ARM firmware must be upgraded first, then DSP firmware!

- Please make sure that the category format is correct, do not modify the firmware file name, Otherwise, the inverter may not work!



## Warning!

- For the inverter, ensure that the PV input voltage is greater than 180V (upgrade on sunny days). please ensure that the battery SOC is greater than 20% or the battery input voltage is greater than 180V. Otherwise, it may cause serious failure during the upgrade process!



#### Caution!

- If the ARM firmware upgrade fails or stops, please do not unplug the U disk power off the inverter and restart it. Then repeat the upgrade steps.



#### Caution!

- If the DSP firmware upgrade fails or stops, please check whether the power is off. If it is normal, plug in the U disk again and repeat the upgrade.

## > Upgrade preparation

1) Please check the inverter version and prepare a U disk (USB 2.0/3.0) and personal computer before upgrading.



#### Caution!

- Please make sure that the size of the U disk is smaller than 32G, and the format is FAT 16 or FAT 32.

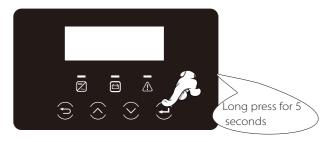
2) Please contact our service support to obtain the firmware, and store the firmware in the U disk according to the following path.

Update:

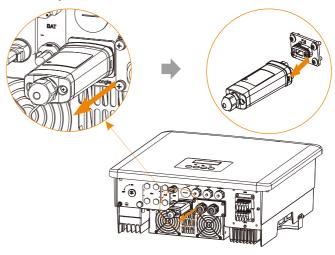
For ARM file: "update ARM\618.00406.00\_HYB\_3P\_ARM\_V1.13\_1220.usb"; For DSP file: "update\DSP\618.00405.00\_HYB\_3P\_DSP\_V1.14\_1215.usb";

## ➤ Upgrade steps

**Step 1.** Please save the "Upgrade" firmware in your U disk first, and press the "Enter" button on the inverter screen for 5 seconds to enter the OFF mode.

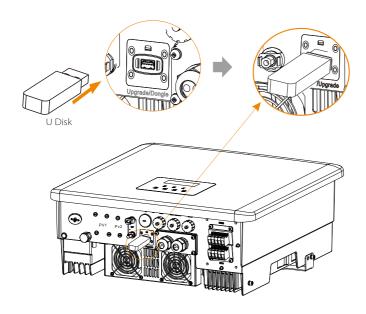


**Step 2.** Find the "Upgrade" port of the inverter, unplug the monitoring module by hand, and insert the USB flash drive.



Firmware Upgrading

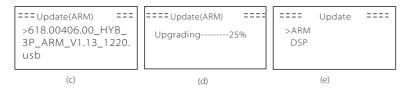
Firmware Upgrading



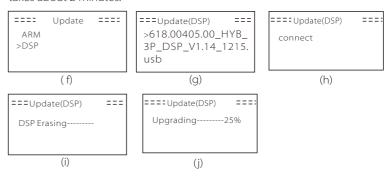
**Step 3.** LCD operation, enter the upgrade interface "update", as shown below (a): Please press the up and down keys to select ARM, then press down to set "OK", press the enter key to enter the software version interface;



**Step 4.** Please confirm the new firmware version again and select the firmware to upgrade. The upgrade takes about 20 seconds. (d) When it is completed, the LCD screen returns to the "Update" page.



**Step 5.** For DSP: Please wait for 10 seconds. When "Update" page shown as below, press down to select "DSP" and then press Enter. Please confirm the firmware version again and press Enter to upgrade. The upgrade takes about 2 minutes.



**Step 6.** After the upgrade is completed, the LCD screen displays" Upgrade Successful".



**Step 7.** Plug off the U disk, press "Esc" to return to the main interface, and long press the enter key to exit the mode.



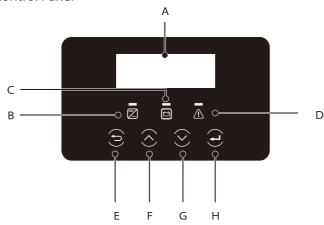
#### Caution!

- Please strictly follow each step from step 1-6, don't miss it.
- Please confirm the ARM/DSP firmware version on the USB flash drive.

Tip: If the display screen is stuck on "X3-Fit G4" after the upgrade, please turn off the photovoltaic power supply and restart, and the inverter will restart and return to normal. If not, please contact us for help.

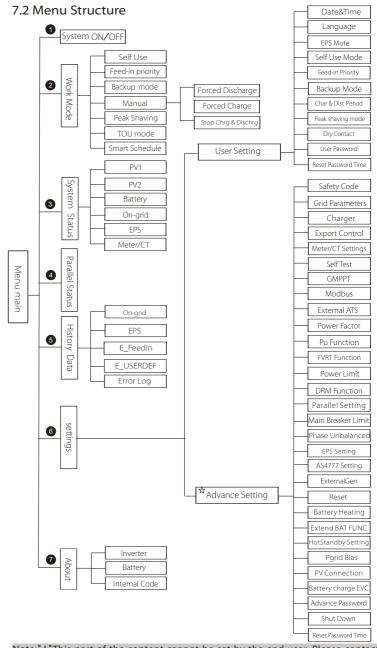
# 7 Setting

## 7.1 Control Panel



Object	Name	Description
Α	LCD Screen	Display inverter information on the LCD display.
В		Blue light: The inverter is in normal state or EPS(Off-grid) mode Blue flashing: The inverter is in the waiting, checking state or the system switch is off. Off: The inverter is in a fault state.
С	LED Indicator light	Green: The battery communication is normal but the battery MCB is disconnected, and the battery communication is normal and working normally.  Green flashing: The battery communication is normal and in an idle state.  Off: The battery does not communicate with the inverter.
D		Red light on: The inverter is in a fault state. Off: The inverter has no error.
Е		ESC button: Return from the current interface or function.
F	Key	Up button: Move the cursor to the upper part or increase the value.
G	Function	Down button: Move the cursor down or decrease the value.
Н		Enter button: Confirm selection.

Note: When the inverter is in an idle state, you can reset the work mode, the Min SOC and the charging periods through the inverter LCD or the SolaX APP to charge the battery to the Min SOC in the charging periods and then awaken the inverter. Please make sure that the actual battery SOC - the modified Min SOC  $\geq$  2% under a specific work mode, so that other modifications are effective. When the current system time is within the new charging periods you reset, the battery begins charging.

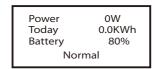


Note: "☆"This part of the content cannot be set by the end user. Please contact the installer or our company if necessary.

## 7.3 LCD Operation

The main interface is the default interface, the inverter will automatically return to this interface when the system started up successfully or not operated for a period of time.

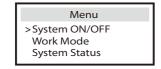
The information of the interface is as below. "Power" means the instant output power; "Today" means the power generated within the day. "Battery" means the left capacity of battery energy.



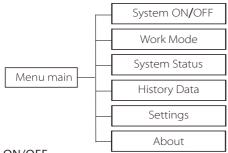
#### ➤ Menu interface

The menu interface is another interface for users to change settings or obtain information.

- When the LCD displays the main interface, click "OK" to enter this interface.
- The user can select up and down the menu, and press the "OK" key to confirm.



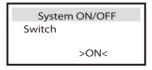
#### > Menu main



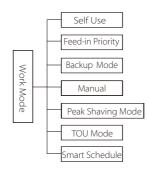
### ➤ System ON/OFF

"ON" means the inverter is in working state, and the inverter is in the default state.

"OFF" means that the inverter stops running and only the LCD screen is on.



#### ➤ Work Mode



You can select a specific work mode to decide the working principle of the inverter in this interface.

## Selecting Work Mode

After entering the "Work Mode" interface, you can select "Self Use", "Feed-in Priority", "Backup Mode", "Manual", "Peak Shaving", "TOU Mode" as follows.

• Selecting "Self Use"

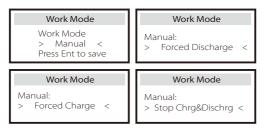
"Self Use" is the default work mode. If you want to select another work mode, select any work mode and press "Enter" key to confirm your choice. You can select "Feed-in Priority", "Backup Mode" and "Peak Shaving" with the same logic as Self Use.



• Selecting "Manual"

"Manual" is for after-sale team for maintaining devices.

Select "Manual" and enter the "Manual" interface. You can set "Forced Discharge", "Forced Charge" and "Stop Chrg&Dischrg" in this interface.



• Selecting "TOU Mode"

TOU can only be set in SolaX Cloud App. Aftering setting the TOU in the App, the selected TOU mode will be displayed in TOU interface on the LCD.

Min SoC: The minimum SoC of the system.

Min Soc: Default: 10%



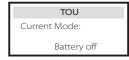
**Self-use:** Same working logic with "Self-use Mode", but it is not limited by the charging and discharging time slots. The priority of PV:

Loads > Battery > Grid.

Min Soc: Default: 10% Range: 10~100%



**Battery off:** The battery neither charges nor discharges. The power of PV will supply to loads or the grid. Only when the battery SOC is lower than the system (TOU) Min SOC, the battery can be charged.



**Peak shaving:** The working logic is that when the power consumption from the grid exceeds the set PeakLimit value, the battery is allowed to discharge power. The excess power beyond the limit is provided by the combination of photovoltaic and battery to ensure that the maximum power purchased from the grid does not exceed the set limit.

Peaklimits: Default: 1000W



Charging: If you set the maximum battery charging power, the PV will charge the battery with the maximum charging power when its energy is sufficient. Upon reaching the maximum charging power, if there is no limit on export control, the additional PV energy will be supplied to the grid. When power from the PV is insufficient, if you enable ChargeFromGrid, the battery will be charged by the grid to the target battery SOC with the maximum charging power. When the battery reaches the set SOC, the device enters "Self-use Mode" or the surplus power will be supplied to the grid (based on the system setting. At this time, ChargeFromGrid is disabled.

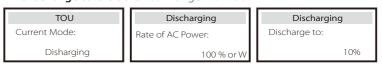
ChargeFromGrid: Default: Disable

Charge battery to: Default: 50% Range: 10~100%



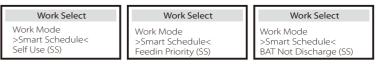
**Discharging:** If allowed by the battery, the system outputs electricity to the grid according to the specified power output percentage or value, controlling the power at the AC port. You need to set a value for **Rate of AC Power** (% or W) through Web or App. When the battery **Discharge to** (%) reaches the target SOC, the inverter enters "Self-use Mode".

Rate of AC Power: Default: 100% Range: 10~100% Discharge to: Default: 10% Range: 10~100%

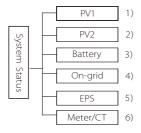


• Setting "Smart Schedule"

Only after you select "Smart Schedule" can it be displayed on the LCD. Then you can set the mode on the LCD.



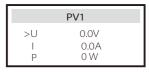
## ➤ System Status



System status contains six content: PV1/PV2/Battery/On-grid (energy feed into or buy from the grid)and EPS(Off-grid) and so on. Press up and down to select, press "Enter" to confirm the selection, and press "ESC" to return to the menu.

#### 1/2) PV1, PV2

Here you can see the voltage, current and power of the pv1 and Pv2. Photovoltaic panels respectively;

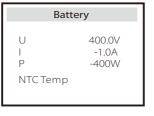


>U	0.0V
I	0.0A
Р	0 W

## 3) Battery

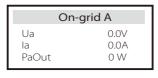
This status shows the battery condition of the system. Including battery voltage and battery current, Battery power, battery capacity, battery temperature, BMS connection status. The meaning of the sign of battery current and power: "+" means charging; "-" means discharging.

	Battery	
U	400.0V	
1	-1.0A	
Р	-400W	
SoC	0%	
CellTemp	20°C	
BMS Connec	ted	
BMS Disconn	nected	

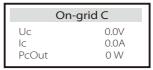


## 4) On-grid

Here you can see the voltage, current, frequency, and power of the grid.



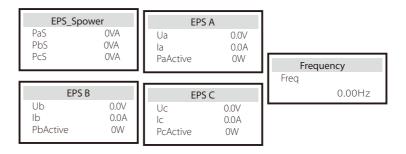
On-grid B		
Ub	0.0V	
Ib	0.0A	
PbOut	0 W	



Grid Frenquency		
Fa	0.00Hz	
Fb	0.00Hz	
Fc	0.00Hz	

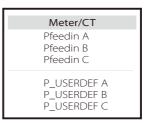
#### 5) EPS

Here you can see the inverter of voltage, current, frequency and power.



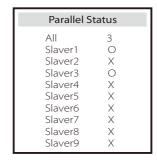
#### 6) Meter/CT

Here you can see the data showing the meter or the CT.

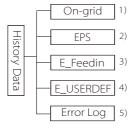


#### ➤ Parallel Status

Status shows on the screen when paralleling.



## > History Data



The history data contains five pieces of information: on-grid power of the inverter, EPS power generation, power of the meter /CT and error Error logs.

Press up and down to select, press Enter to confirm selection, and press ESC to return to the menu.

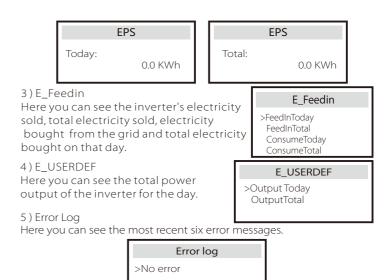
#### 1) On-grid

Here is a record of the power capacity of the inverter connected to the grid today and the total.

On-grid	
Output Today	0.0 KWh
Output Total	0.0 KWh
Input Total	0.0 KWh
Input Today	0.0 KWh

#### 2) EPS

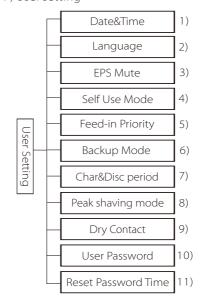
Here you can see the EPS output of the inverter today and the total output.



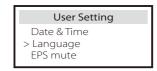
#### Settings

Settings includes **User Settings** and **Advanced Settings**. You need to enter the corresponding passwords for different settings. After you enter the settings, a passwordfree time (15 minutes) is available to you. That is, you exit from and re-enter the settings without a password during the time.

#### > 1) User setting



Here you can set the inverter time, language, working mode SOC, charging and discharging time period and user password.



#### 1) Date time

This interface is for users to set the system date and time.



#### 2) Language

This inverter provides multiple languages for customers to choose, such as English, Deutsch, francais, Polskie, Espanol, Português.



#### 3) EPS Mute

Here you can choose whether the buzzer is turned on when the inverter is running in EPS mode. Select Yes, the buzzer mutes, select NO, EPS mode, the buzzer will sound once every 4s when the battery is fully charged, the

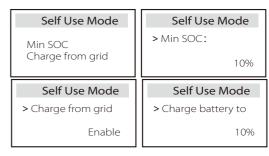


closer the battery is to the empty state, the higher the buzzer will sound, to remind users to avoid battery loss.

#### 4) Self-use mode

In this mode, you can set the power reserve percentage of the minimum battery state, set whether the power can be taken from the mains side to charge the battery, and set the amount of power to charge the battery. For example: set the reserved minimum SOC of the battery capacity to "10%", which means that when the battery has been discharged to 10% of the battery capacity, the battery is not allowed to continue to discharge; When Charge from grid is set to "Enable", the utility power is allowed to charge the battery; when set to "Disable", the utility power is not allowed to charge the battery;

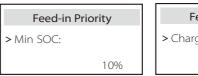
Charge battery to is set to 10%, indicating that the mains is allowed to charge the battery at 10%.

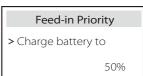


#### 5) Feed-in Priority

In this mode, you can set the power reserve percentage of the minimum battery state, set whether the power can be taken from the mains side to charge the battery, and set the amount of power to charge the battery. For example: set the reserved minimum SOC of the battery capacity to "10%", which means that when the battery has been discharged to 10% of the battery capacity, the battery is not allowed to continue to discharge;

Charge battery to is set to 50%, indicating that the mains is allowed to charge the battery at 50%.



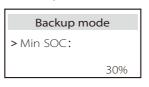


#### 6) Backup mode

In this mode, you can set the power reserve percentage of the minimum battery state, set whether the power can be taken from the mains side to charge the battery, and set the amount of power to charge the battery.

For example: set the reserved minimum SOC of the battery capacity to "30%", which means that when the battery has been discharged to 30% of the battery capacity, the battery is not allowed to continue to discharge;

Charge battery to is set to 50%, indicating that the mains is allowed to charge the battery at 50%.



Backup mode
> Charge battery to
50%

## 7) Charge and discharge time

Here you can set the charge and discharge time period.

If two charging and discharging periods are needed, turn on the charging and discharging period 2 and set the period.

Char&Disc Period  > Forced Charg Period Start Time 00:00	Char&Disc Period > Forced Charg Period End Time 00:00	Char&Disc Period  > Allowed Disc Period Start Time 00:00
Char&Disc Period  > Allowed Disc Period End Time 00:00	Char&Disc Period > Char&Disc Period2	Char&Disc Period2 > Function Control Enable
Char&Disc Period2  > Forced Charg Period Start Time 00:00	Char&Disc Period2  > Forced Charg Period End Time 00:00	Char&Disc Period2  > Allowed Disc Period Start Time 00:00

## 8) Peak shaving mode

This setting is for enabling peak shaving mode.

"PeriodB" or "PeriodD" are two discharging periods you can set. Set
"ShavingStartTime" (default value: 0:00) and "ShavingEndTime" (default value: 00:00) for the two periods to define the peak hours of electricity.

Set "PeakLimits" to limit the power that loads get from the grid. Once the power gained by the loads exceeds the limit value during the peak hours, the PV and battery will charge the loads, to reduce the amount of energy purchased from the grid. In non-peak hours, the battery can be charged. Set "ChargeFromGrid" to "Enable". At this time, if the battery SOC is just less than the value of "MAX\_SOC", the battery will be charged in the power lower than the value of "ChargePowerLimits".

Range of "ChargePowerLimits": 0~60000 W

The range of "MAX\_SOC" is 10%-100%; the default value is 50%.

Range of "Reserved\_SOC": 10%-100%; the default value is 50%.

"Reserved\_SOC" is the battery capacity saved for the next peak shaving in the non-peak shaving period.

Peak shaving mode	PeriodA	PeriodA
>PeriodA PeriodB PeriodD	>ChargeFromGrid ChargePowerLimits	ChargeFromGrid Enable

PeriodA ChargePowerLimits 10000W	PeriodA  MAX_SOC  50%	Peak shaving mode >PeriodB PeriodD Reserved_SOC
PeriodB ShavingStartTime 7:00	PeriodB ShavingEndTime 15:00	PeriodB PeakLimits 10000W
PeriodB ChargeFromGrid >Enable<	PeriodB  MAX_SOC  50%	Peak shaving mode >PeriodD Reserved_SOC
PeriodD ShavingStartTime 19:00	PeriodD ShavingEndTime 23:00	PeriodD PeakLimits 10000W
ShavingStartTime	ShavingEndTime	PeakLimits

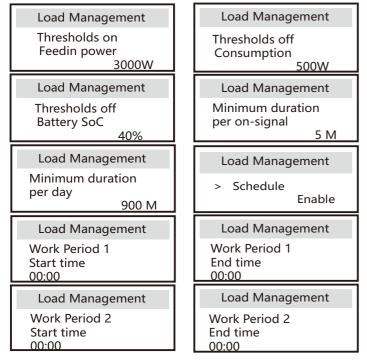
#### 9) Dry Contact

When the user uses the inverter communication control external device function, you can enter here to set the parameters of the external response control. For the setting method, please refer to the user manual of the compatible external device.

If the user uses the inverter dry contacts to control external devices (such as heat pumps) through the Adapter box, please refer to the Adapter box quick installation manual to set the parameters here.

Load Mana	agement
> Mode Se	elect Disable
Load Management	
Load Mana	agement

Load Management	
> Mode Select Manual	
Load Management	
> Mode Select SmartSave	



#### 10) User Password

The default password for the end user is "0000", where you can reset the new password and press the up/down key to increase or decrease the value. Press "Enter" to confirm the value and jump to the next digit. When all passwords have been entered and confirmed, press "OK" to set the password successfully.

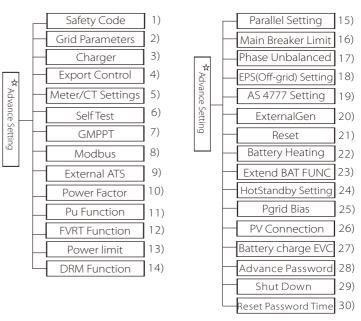
	User	Passw	ord	
>				
0	0	0	0	

#### 11) Reset Password Time

During the password-free time of setting, selecting **Reset Password Time** to return to the **Setting** interface can end the password-free time in advance. If you want to re-enter the settings, you need to enter the password again, to start another password-free time.



#### ➤ 2) Advance



All advanced settings can be set here, such as battery, grid, EPS(Off-grid), etc.

"Advanced" setting is generally customization and resetting for battery and grid. Each part has lower level parts.

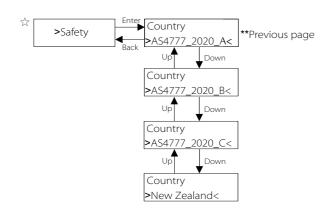
Please contact your installer or factory and enter the installer password.



#### 1) Safety Code

User can set safety standard according to different countries and grid tied stanndards. There are 8 standards to select. (May be changed or added without notice)

ltem	Standard	Country
1	VDE 0126	Germany
2	ARN 4015	Germany
3	AS 4777	Australia
4	EN 50549_EU	Netherland
5	G98/G99	UK
6	EN 50438_NL	Netherland
7	CEI 0-21	Italy
8	IEC61727_In	India



Region	Australia A	Australia B	Australia C	New Zealand	
Standarad Code Name	AS4777_2020_A	AS4777_2020_B	AS4777_2020_C	New Zealand	Setting Range
OV-G-V	265V	265V	265V	265V	230-300V
OV-G-V2	275V	275V	275V	275V	1-25
OV-GV2-T	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	230-300V
UN-G-V1	180V	180V	180V	180V	0-0.25
UNGV1-T	10S	105	105	105	40-230V
UN-G-V2	70V	70V	70V	70V	10-115
UNGV2-T	1.55	1.55	1.5\$	1.55	40-230V
OV-G-F1	52HZ	52HZ	55HZ	55HZ	1-25
OVGF1-T	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	50-55HZ
OV-G-F2	52HZ	52HZ	55HZ	55HZ	0-0.25
OVGF2-T	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	50-55HZ
OV-GV1-T	1.55	1.55	1.5\$	1.55	0-0.25
UN-G-F1	47HZ	47HZ	45HZ	45HZ	45-50HZ
UNGF1-T	1.55	1.55	5S	1.55	1-65
UN-G-F2	47HZ	47HZ	45HZ	45HZ	45-50HZ
UNGF2-T	1.55	1.55	5S	1.55	1-65
Startup-T	60S	605	60S	605	15-1000S
Restore-T	60S	605	60S	605	15-600S
Recover-VH	253V	253V	253V	253V	
Recover-VL	205V	205V	205V	198V	
Recover-FH	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	
Recover-FL	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	
Start-VH	253V	253V	253V	253V	
Start-VL	205V	205V	205V	198V	
Start-FH	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	50.15Hz	
Start-FL	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	47.5Hz	

#### 2) Grid Parameters

Setting path: Main -> Setting -> Advance Setting -> Grid Parameters.

Here you can set the protection value of grid voltage and frequency. The default value is the specified value under the current safety regulations, and the user cannot change it.

The display content will be displayed according to the requirements of local laws and regulations, which are constantly increasing. Please refer to the contents displayed on the inverter screen.

Grid Parameters >OverVoltage_L1 265.0V	Grid Parameters >UnderVoltage_L1 180.0V	Grid Parameters >OverFreq_L1 52.00Hz
Grid Parameters >UnderFreq_L1 47.00Hz	<b>Grid Parameters</b> >Vac 10min Avg 258.0V	Grid Parameters >OverVoltage_L2 275.0V
Grid Parameters >UnderVoltage_L2 70.0V	Grid Parameters >OverFreq_L2 52.00Hz	Grid Parameters >UnderFreq_L2 47.00Hz
Grid Parameters >Tovp_L1 1000ms	Grid Parameters >Tuvp_L1 10000ms	Grid Parameters >Tofp_L1 100ms
Grid Parameters >Tufp_L1 1000ms	Grid Parameters >Tovp_L2 100ms	Grid Parameters >Tuvp_L2 1000ms
Grid Parameters >Tofp_L2 100ms	Grid Parameters >Tufp_L2 1000ms	Grid Parameters >Reconnection Time 60s
Grid Parameters >Checking Time 60s	Grid Parameters > OFPL_Setting	OFPL_Setting OFPL_Curve Symmetric
OFPL_Setting OFPL_Curve Asymmetry	OFPL_Setting OFPL_RemovePoint(Aus.) 50.10Hz	OFPL_Setting OFPL_OverFreqfhyste(Aus.) 50.15Hz
OFPL_Setting OFPL_StartPoint 50.25Hz	OFPL_Setting OFPL_DropRate 5%	OFPL_Setting OFPL_DelayTime 0.0S

OFPL_Setting W(Gra)	OFPL_Setting Tstop 20S	OFPL_Setting fstop-disch 50.75Hz
OFPL_Setting fP min 52.00Hz	Grid Parameters > UFPL_Setting	<b>UFPL_Setting</b> UFPL_RemovePoint(Aus.) 49.90Hz
<b>UFPL_Setting</b> UFPL_UnderFreqfhyste(Aus.) 49.85Hz	UFPL_Setting UFPL_StartPoint 49.75Hz	UFPL_Setting UFPL_DropRate 2%
UFPL_Setting UFPL_DelayTime 0.0S	OFPL_Setting fstop-ch 49.00Hz	OFPL_Setting  fP max  48.00Hz
Grid Parameters Local Command 0 1	Grid Parameters Connect Slope 0%	Grid Parameters Reconnect Slope 0%
Grid Parameters Vac 10min Time 603s	Grid Parameters > Connection	Connection Low frequency 00.00Hz
Connection High frequency 00.00Hz	Connection Low voltage 00.0V	Connection High voltage 00.0V
Connection Observation time 0.0S	Connection Gradient Select Disable Enable	Connection Gradient 0%
Grid Parameters > Reconnection	Reconnection Low frequency 00.00Hz	Reconnection High frequency 00.00Hz
Reconnection Low voltage 00.0V	Reconnection High voltage 00.0V	Reconnection Observation time 0.0S
Reconnection Gradient Select Disable Enable	Reconnection Gradient 0%	Grid Parameters > Pf Function
<b>Pf Function</b> Disable Enable		

## 3) Charger

Here the user can set the parameters of charger on this page, the inverter is compatible with both lithium battery. Users can set the charge & discharge parameters.

For the detailed parameters, please refer to below table.

Charger Battery Type Lead Acid Lithium	<b>Charger</b> Lead Acid
Charger Charge Equalization 00.0V	Charger Charge float 00.0V
Charger Discharge Cut 00.0V	<b>Charger</b> Discharge BackUp 00.0V
Charger >Max Charge Current: 30A	Charger >Max Discharge Current: 30A
Charger Charge upper limit 100%	<b>Charger</b> Lithium
Charger >Max Charge Current: 30A	Charger >Max Discharge Current: 30A
<b>Charger</b> Charge upper limit 100%	

## 4) Export Control

This feature allows the inverter to control the amount of electricity output to the grid.

The factory value is the default and can be changed by the user. The user value set by setup must be less than the maximum. If the user does not want to supply power to the grid, set it to 0.

Export Control	
User value	e: OW

#### 5) Meter/CT Settings

The user needs to select the CT or electricity meter to connect the inverter here. CT is a default, when users choose CT, there is only Meter 2 Addr setting. All will show on the inverter screen when users choose Meter.

"Installation Check" is for checking whether the meter/CT is properly connected when the inverter is well installed. "Cyclic Check" is for periodically checking whether the meter/CT is in good condition when the inverter is running.

Users can set "Enable" under the "Installation Check" setting to check the connection status of the meter/CT and automatically correct "Meter/CT status: Disable" due to the wrong connection of the meter/CT. A reverse connection of a meter/CT cannot be corrected through this setting. Users set "Enable" under the "Cyclic Check" for periodically checking the condition of the meter/CT.

#### CT/Meter Setting

> Select

Meter CT

## CT/Meter Setting

> Meter 1Addr:

#### CT/Meter Setting

> Meter 1Direction: Positive Negative

#### CT/Meter Setting

CTType

100A/200A

### Meter/CT Setting

> Meter/CT Check

## Meter/CT Check

> Cyclic Check Disable

## CT/Meter Setting

> Select

Disable Enable

## CT/Meter Setting

> Meter 2 Addr:

wai.

#### CT/Meter Setting

> Meter 2 Direction: Positive Negative

#### CT/Meter Setting

> External INV Disable

## Meter/CT Check

Fnable

> Installation Check Disable CT status: Disable

## 6) Self Test (only for CEI 0-21)

The self test function allows users to test the following items. "Full test", "Ovp(59.S2) test"27. "Uvp (s1) test", "Uvp (27. s2) test", "Ofp (81 < .S1) test", "Ufp (81 < .S2) test", "Ufp (81 < .S2) test", "Ovp10 (59. s1) test".

In the self-test interface, the user can select "all tests" or a single test item for testing.

Before testing, make sure that the inverter is connected to the grid. All tests take about 6 minutes. And it will display "Success" and then "Delivery".

For a single test item, it takes about a few seconds or minutes.

Click "Test Report" to view the test results of all items.

## Self Test

ALL Test
Test report
Ovp(59.S2) test
Uvp(27.S1) test
Uvp(27.S2) test
Ofp(81>.S1) test
Ufp(81<.S1) test
Ufp2(81>.S2) test
Ofp2(81>.S2) test
Ovp10(59.S1) test

SelfTest	Ovp(59.S2)test	
All Test	Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms V0: 0.0V Test/Pass	

Uvp(27.S1)test	Uvp(27.S2)test
Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms	Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms
Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms	Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms
V0: 0.0V Test/Pass	V0: 0.0V Test/Pass

Ofp(81>.S1)test	Ufp2(81<.S1)test
Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms	Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms
Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms	Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms
V0: 0.0V Test/Pass	V0: 0.0V Test/Pass

Ofp2(81>.S2)test	Ufp2(81<.S2)test
Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms	Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms
Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms	Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms
V0: 0.0V Test/Pass	V0: 0.0V Test/Pass

Ovp_10(59.S1)test  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V Test/Pass	<b>Self Test</b> Test Report
Ovp(59.S2)result  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V NA/Pass	Uvp(27.S1)result           Vt:         0.0V         Tt: 0ms           Vs:         0.0V         To: 0ms           V0:         0.0V         NA/Pass
Uvp(27.S2)result  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V NA/Pass	Ofp(81>.S1)result  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V NA/Pass
Ufp(81<.S1)result  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V NA/Pass	Ofp2(81>,S2)result  Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms  Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms  V0: 0.0V NA/Pass
Ufp2(81<.S2)result Vt: 0.0V Tt: 0ms Vs: 0.0V To: 0ms V0: 0.0V NA/Pass	Ovp10(59.S1)result           Vt:         0.0V         Tt: 0ms           Vs:         0.0V         To: 0ms           V0:         0.0V         NA/Pass

#### 7) GMPPT

Here, you can set the shadow tracking with four options, which are off, low, middle, and high.





## 8) Modbus

Here you select the baud rate of the external communication protocol.

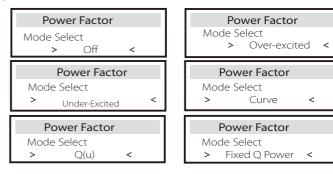


#### 9) External ATS

INCORRECT line sequence (R-R, S-S, T-T, N-N) will damage the inverter. To avoid the damage, the default "Disable" has been set to "Enable" in "External ATS" under "Advance Settings". Users should set the default setting back to "Disable". External ATS needs to be set to "Enable" only when a matebox advanced is connected.



10 ) Power Factor (applicable to specific countries, please refer to local grid requirements)



Mode	Comment
Off	-
Over-Excited	PF value
Under-Excited	PF value
	P1_PF
	P2_PF
	P3_PF
	P4_PF
	Power 1
Curve	Power 2
	Power 3
	Power 4
	PfLockInPoint (EU50549 only)
	PfLockOutPoint (EU50549 only)
	3Tau
	SetQuPower1
	SetQuPower2
	SetQuPower3
	SetQuPower4
	QuRespondV1( AS4777.2 only)
Q(u)	QuRespondV2( AS4777.2 only)
	QuRespondV3( AS4777.2 only)
	QuRespondV4( AS4777.2 only)
	K
	3Tau
	QuDelayTimer
	QuLockEn
Fixed Q Power	Q Power

QuLockSetting
QuLockFunction
Enable Disable

**QuLockSetting**QuLockIn
0%

QuLockSetting
QuLockOut
0%

11) PU Function (applicable to specific countries, please refer to local grid requirements)

The PU function is a volt-watt response mode required by certain national standards such as AS4777.2. This function can control the active power of the inverter according to the grid voltage.

Selecting "Enable" means that this function is turned on and is the default value.

Select "Disable" to deactivate the function.

PU Function >PuFunction Enable	PU Function Response V1 0.0V	PU Function Response V2 0.0V
PU Function Response V3 0.0V	PU Function Response V4 0.0V	PU Function 3Tau 0S
PU Function SetPuPower 1 0%	PU Function SetPuPower 2 0%	PU Function SetPuPower 3 0%

## 12) FVRT Function(apply to 50549)

Here you can set the high and low enable or disable.

FVRT Function		FVRT Function	FVRT Function
Function Co	ntrol	VacUpper	VacLower
Disable	Enable	00.0V	00.0V

## 13) Power limit

Power limit function, the maximum power of the AC port can be set by percentage.

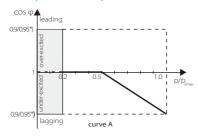
Power Limit	
>Proportion	
	1.00

• Reactive power control, reactive power standard curve  $\cos \phi = f(P)$ 

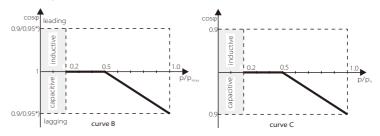
For VDE ARN 4105, the curve  $\cos \phi = f(P)$  should refer to curve A. The set default value is shown in curve A.

For TOR, the curve cos  $\phi = f(P)$  should be curve B. The set default value is shown in curve B.

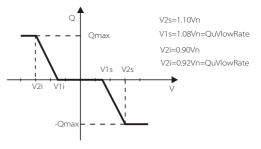
For CEI 0-21, the default value of PFLockInPoint is 1.05. When Vac> 1.05Vn, Pac> 0.2 Pn, curve  $\cos \phi = f(P)$  corresponds to curve C.



\*) If the grid-connected power of the inverter ≤4.6kW, the Power Factor is 0.95 at 1.0 power; if the grid-connected power of the inverter > 4.6kW, the Power Factor is 0.90 at 1.0 power.



• Reactive power control, reactive power standard curve Q= f(V).



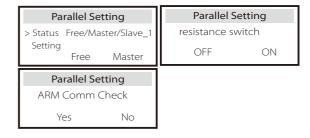
#### 14) DRM function (applied to NZS4777.2)

The DRM function is a demand response method required by the NZS4777.2 standard and is only applicable to NZS4777.2. The default value is "enable". Select "Disable" to disable this function.



#### 15) Parallel Setting

If a parallel operation is required, the user may set it with Parallel Setting.



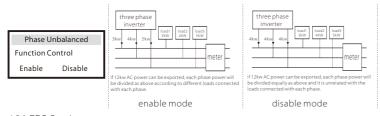
#### 16) Main Breaker Limit

For power limit of smart meter or CT, the current must be set in line with the utility's contract requirements. In case of failure to set, it may cause a circuit breaker fault of main switchboard, adversely affecting the charging or discharging of battery. Click Main Breaker Limit to enter the setting interface, and then choose the corresponding amperage according to the utility's requirements.



#### 17) Phase Unbalanced

This function controls the distribution of AC output power. "Enable" means each phase will be divided according to the loads connected with each phase. "Disable" means each phase power will be divided equally and "disable" is the default setting value.

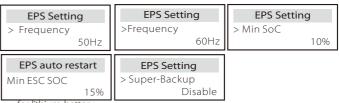


#### 18) EPS Setting

Users can set the "Frequency", "Mini SoC", "Min ESC SoC" and "Super-Backup" under the "EPS Setting" interface to solve the energy supply to loads under EPS mode.

The default frequency is 50Hz. Users set "Min SoC" to limit the energy battery discharging to EPS loads. When the actual battery SOC is lower than the "Min SOC", the inverter displays "Bat Power Low" and the batteries stop discharging energy to EPS loads. If there is PV, PV will charge the battery. When the actual battery SoC reaches the "Min ESC SoC", the battery will restart to charge EPS loads and the inverter will automatically enter EPS mode. The default value of "Min SoC" is 10% and it can be set between 10% ~ 25%. The default value of "Min ESC SoC" is 30% and it can be set between 15% ~ 100%.

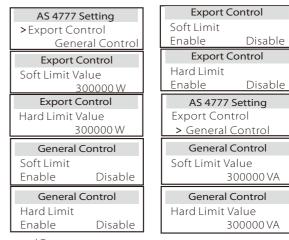
When no battery is connected and the PV can generate power, users can set "Enable" under the "Super-Backup" setting, which means the PV energy is used as backup power to allow the inverter to enter EPS mode and supply power for emergency loads.



for lithium battery

#### 19) AS 4777 Setting

It is the same as the function of Export Control, but it's only applicable to Australia and New Zealand.



#### 20)ExternalGen

Setting path: Advance Setting->ExternalGen->Function Control: Enable/Disable; Max Charge Power: \*\*\*W.

The set value of power must meet the following two conditions when the maximum charging power of batteries is to be set.

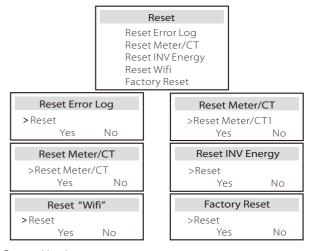
- 1) The value of Max Charge Power is less than that of rated power of the generator minus total load power.
- 2) The value of Max Charge Power is less than or equals that of rated power of the inverter.

External Gen	External Gen	External Gen
	Function Control	MaxChargePower
Enable Disable	ATS Control	OW

External Gen Forced Charg Period Start Time 00:00	External Gen Forced Charg Period End Time 00:00	External Gen Allowed Disc Period Start Time 00:00
External Gen Allowed Disc Period End Time 00:00	External Gen Char&Disc Period2 Enable Disable	External Gen Forced Charg Period Start Time 2 00:00
External Gen Forced Charg Period End Time 2 00:00	External Gen Allowed Disc Period Start Time 2 00:00	External Gen Allowed Disc Period End Time 2 00:00
External Gen	Charge from grid	ExternalGen
Charge from grid Enable	Charge battery to 10%	Function Control Dry Contact
ExternalGen	ExternalGen	ExternalGen
MaxChargePower 0W	Start Gen Method reference soc	Switch on SoC 0%
ExternalGen Switch off SoC 0%	ExternalGen MaxRunTime 0Min	ExternalGen  MaxRestTime  0Min
ExternalGen Char&Disc Period2 Enable Disable	ExternalGen Forced Charg Period Start Time 2 00:00	ExternalGen Allow Work start time 00:00
ExternalGen Allow Work stop time 00:00	ExternalGen Forced Charg Period End Time 2 00:00	ExternalGen Allowed Disc Period Start Time 2 00:00
External Gen Forced Charg Period Start Time 1 00:00	External Gen Forced Charg Period End Time 1 00:00	External Gen Allowed Disc Period End Time 2 00:00
External Gen Charge from grid: Enable	External Gen Allowed Disc Period Start Time 1 00:00	External Gen Allowed Disc Period End Time 1 00:00
External Gen	External Gen	Charge from grid
Charge battery to	Charge from grid Enable	Charge battery to 10%

## 21) Reset

Users can reset the reset error log, meter power, inverter power, and restore factory settings here.



## 22) Battery Heating

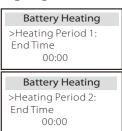
This function is only valid when the battery has the heating function. The battery temperature directly matters the battery charge/discharge current. To enable this function, you need to set as follows:

- **a.** Select a temperature as the target heating temperature according to the charge/discharge current you require. There are 3 levels of temperature: Low, Medium, and High. Once a battery is heated to the target temperature, heating will stop.
- » Low: 10 °C, battery charge/discharge current: 10 A.
- » Medium: 15 °C, battery charge/discharge current: 15 A.
- » High: 25 °C, battery charge/discharge current: 30 A.



**b.** Set the heating start time and end time for the battery. Two heating periods can be set. The setting range is 00:00 to 23:59.





#### 23) Extend BAT FUNC

This function is for extending new batteries. This setting shall be invalid under the EPS mode. When it is on-grid, enabling this setting shall make the inverter charge or discharge the battery SOC to about 40%, which is convenient for adding new batteries.



#### 24) HotStandby Setting

It is "Enable" by default. Setting "Disable" will make the inverter annot enter standby status.



#### 25) Pgrid Bias

This function is disabled by default.

For the country with zero export limit:

- **a.** Check the Meter/CT value in "Menu"> "System Status"> "Meter/CT" when the function is disabled.
- **b.** If the "Meter/CT" displayed in "System Status" is negative value, please select "Grid" for "Pgrid Bias" to discharge power to the mains. If the "Meter/CT" displayed in "System Status" is positive value, please select "INV" for "Pgrid Bias" to take power from the mains.

When you select "Grid" or "INV" and the inverter still discharges or charges much power to or from the grid, please set "Bias Power" to limit the charging and discharging power.

Bias Power: 40 W by default, range:  $1 \sim 300 \text{ W} (1 \sim 2\% P_{n.max})$ 



#### 26) PV Connetion

This setting depends on the actual connection ways of PV panels.



#### 27) Battery charge EVC

Here you can set "Enable" to allow the battery to discharge energy to an EV Charger. When you set "Disable", battery discharging energy to an EV Charger is not allowed.



#### 28) Advance password

Here you can reset the advanced password. "Set OK!" is displayed on success, and "Setup Failed!" Will also displayed on failure.

Advance Password	Advance Password
Set OK!	Setting failed!

#### 29)Shut Down

"Shut Down" is a function that allows remote control of the inverter to turn on or off with the local grid instructions, in order to restrict the amount of electricity fed to the grid. This instruction is implemented by disconnecting or connecting the external switch that is linked to the inverter.

This function is "NO (Always on)" by default.

When the setting remains default, the inverter operates according to the logic that when the switch is disconnected, the inverter works normally, and when the switch is connected, the inverter shuts down.

If you want this function operates with a reverse logic that the inverter operates normally when the switch is connected and turns off when the switch is disconnected, set it "NC (Always closed)"

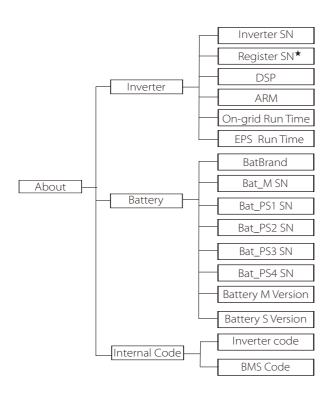


#### 30) Reset Password Time

During the password-free time of setting, selecting **Reset Password Time** to return to the **Setting** interface can end the password-free time in advance. If you want to re-enter the settings, you need to enter the password again, to start another password-free time.

Advance Setting
Shut Down
>Reset Password Time

#### ➤ About



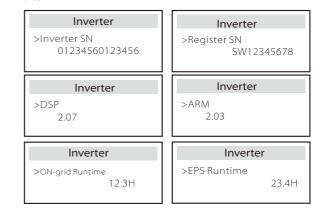
★ Register1 SN: Represents the serial number of external monitoring equipment, such as Wifi Dongle, LAN Dongle.

#### a) About

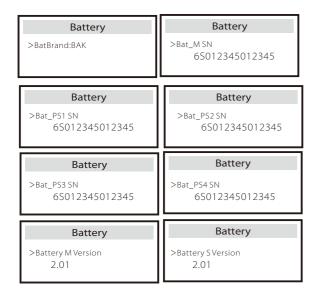
Here you can see some basic information of the inverter and battery. such as the inverter and battery SN number, software version number, and system run time.



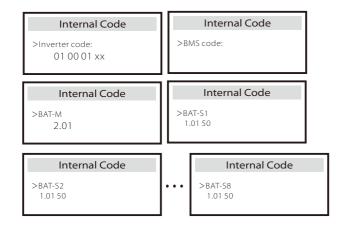
#### Inverter



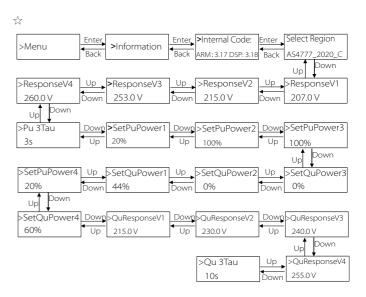
## Battery



## Internal Code



#### ➤ Information



# Note!

- $\bullet$  Once settings are selected at commissioning they are locked to view only.
- In case of a Path Diagram with the mark of "☆", it indicates that such a Path Diagram is only applicable to Australia and New Zealand.

Troubleshooting

# 8 Troubleshooting

## 8.1 Troubleshooting

This section contains information and procedures for resolving possible problems with the inverter, and provides you with troubleshooting tips to identify and solve most problems that may occur in the inverter. This section will help you narrow down the source of any problems you may encounter. Please read the troubleshooting steps below.

Check the warning or fault information on the system control panel or the fault code on the inverter information panel. If a message is displayed, log it before doing anything further.

Try the solutions indicated in the table below.

Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution
IE 01	TZ Protect Fault	Overcurrent fault.  • Wait for a while to check if you're back to normal.  • Disconnect PV+ PV- and batteries, reconnect.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 02	Grid Lost Fult	Check battery input voltage if it's within normal range     Or ask the installer for help.
IE 03	Grid Volt Fault	Power grid voltage overrun  • Wait a moment, if the utility returns to normal, the system will reconnect.  • Please check if the grid voltage is within normal range.  • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 04	Grid Freq Fault	Electricity frequency beyond range • If the utility returns to normal, the system reconnects. • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 05	PV Volt Fault	PV voltage out of range • Check the output voltage of the PV panel • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 06	Bus Volt Fault	<ul> <li>press the "ESC" key to restart the inverter.</li> <li>Check that the PV input open circuit voltage is in the normal range.</li> <li>Or ask the installer for help.</li> </ul>
IE 07	Bat Volt Fault	Battery voltage fault  Check battery input voltage if it's within normal range  Or ask the installer for help.
IE 08	AC10mins Volt	The grid voltage was out of range in the last 10 minutes. The system will return to normal if the grid returns to normal. Or ask the installer for help.

Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution
IE 09	DCI OCP Fault	DCI overcurrent protection fault.  • Wait for a while to check if it's back to normal.  • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 10	DCV OVP Fault	DCV EPS(Off-grid) overvoltage protection failure.  • Wait for a while to check if it's back to normal.  • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 11	SW OCP Fault	Software Detection of Overcurrent Fault.  • Wait for a while to check if it's back to normal.  • Shut down photovoltaic, battery and grid connections  • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 12	RC OCP Fault	Overcurrent protection fault.  • Check the impedance of DC input and AC output.  • Wait for a while to check if it's back to normal.  • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 13	Isolation Fault	Insulation Fault • Please check the wire insulation for damage. • Wait for a while to check if it's back to normal. • Or ask the installer for help.
IE 14	Temp Over Fault	Temperature beyond limit  Check if ambient temperature exceeds the limit.  Or ask the installer for help.
IE 15	Bat Con Dir Fault	EPS(Off-grid) mode current is too strong.  Ensure that the load power is within the EPS(Off-grid) power range.  Check for any non-linear load connections on the EPS(Off-grid).  Move this load to check for recovery.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 16	EPS Overload Fault	PSCOORTHON OVER LOAD FROM THE MESS THE "ESC" key to restart the inverter.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 17	Overload Fault	On-grid mode over load • Shutdown the high-power device and press the" ESC" key to restart the inverter. •Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 18	BatPowerLow	•Close the high-power device and press the "ESC" key to restart the inverter. •Please charge the battery to a level higher than the protection capacity or protection voltage
IE 19	BMS Lost	Battery communication loss  Check that the communication lines between the battery and the inverter are properly connected.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 20	Fan Fault	Fan Fault  Check for any foreign matter that may have caused the fan not to function properly.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 21	Low TempFault	Low temperature fault.  • Check if the ambient temperature is too low.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.

Troubleshooting

Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution
IE 25	InterComFault	Mgr InterCom Fault • Shut down photovoltaic, battery and grid, reconnect. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 26	INVEEPROM	Inverter EEPROM Fault.  Shut down photovoltaic, battery and grid, reconnect.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 27	RCD Fault	Fault of Residual Current Device • Check the impedance of DC input and AC output. • Disconnect PV + PV - and batteries, reconnect. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 28	Grid Relay Fault	Electrical relay failure  • Disconnect PV+ PV- grid and batteries and reconnect.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 29	EPS(Off-grid) Relay Fault	EPS(Off-grid) relay failure  • Disconnect PV+,PV-, grid and batteries and reconnect.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 30	PV ConnDirFault	PV direction fault • Check if the PV input lines are connected in the opposite direction. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 31	Battery Relay	Charge relay fault • Press the ESC" key to restart the inverter. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 32	Earth Raley	EPS(Off-grid) earth relay fault • Press the ESC" key to restart the inverter. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 33	ParallelFault	Parallel Fault  Check the communication and earth cable connection and matching resistor settings.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 36	HardLimitFault	HardLimitFault  Check the power value set in the HardLimit setting, increase the value larger if the value.  Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 37	CtMeterConFault	CT Meter ConFault  • Check whether the cable connection of the CT or meter is proper or not.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 101	PowerTypeFault	Power type fault  • Upgrade the software and press the ESC" key to restart the inverter.  • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 102	Port OC Warning	EPS(Off-grid) port over current fault • Check that the EPS(Off-grid) load does not exceed the system requirements and press the ESC" key to restart the inverter. • Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
IE 103	Mgr EEPROM Fault	Manager EEEPROM Fault.  • Shut down photovoltaic ,battery and grid ,reconnect.  • Or seek help from the installer if it can not return to normal.

Nemakan	- 1	6
Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution NTC invalid
		Make sure the NTC is properly connected and the NTC is in good
IE 105	NTC Sample Invalid	condition.  • Please confirm that the installation environment is normal
		Or ask for help from the installer, if it can not return to normal.
		Battery temp low
IF 106	Bat Temp Low	<ul> <li>Check the battery installation environment to ensure good heat dissipation.</li> </ul>
IL 100	bat remp Low	Or ask for help from the installer, if it can not return to normal.
		Battery temp high
IE 107	Bat Temp High	<ul> <li>Check the battery installation environment to ensure good heat</li> </ul>
IL 107	bat temp riigir	dissipation.  • Or ask for help from the installer, if it can not return to normal.
IE 109	Meter Fault	Meter Fault  • Please check that the instrument is working properly
12 105	Meter rault	Or seek help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
		Bypass relay fault
IE 110	BypassRaleyFlt	<ul> <li>Press the ESC" key to restart the inverter.</li> <li>Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal.</li> </ul>
		ARMParaComFlt
IE 111	ARMParaComFlt	•Please check that the communication cables of inverters are well
IL III	ANIVIPAIACOITIFIL	<ul> <li>connected and the baud rate of COMM setting of inverters are the sam</li> <li>Or seek help from the installer if it can not return to normal.</li> </ul>
		FAN1 Fault
IE 112	FAN1 Fault	Please change the fan.
		Or seek help from the installer if it can not return to normal.
		FAN2 Fault
IE113	FAN2 Fault	<ul> <li>Please change the fan.</li> <li>Or seek help from the installer if it can not return to normal.</li> </ul>
BE 01	BMS_Exter_Err	Battery Error - External Communication Fault  • Please contact the battery supplier.
		,
BE 02	BMS_InterErr	Battery Error - Internal Communication Fault  • Please contact the battery supplier.
		Thease contact the battery supplier.
BF 03	BMS OverVolt	Over voltage in battery system
		Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 04	BMS_LowerVolt	Low voltage in battery system
	5.115_20116.1016	Please contact the battery supplier.
DE OF	PMS Characocco	Battery fault - over charge fault
BE 05	BMS_ChargeOCP	Please contact the battery supplier.
		Battery fault-discharge over current fault
BE 06	DischargeOCP	Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 07	BMS_TemHigh	Over temperature in battery system
		Please contact the battery supplier.
DE 00	RMS Tamplow	Battery temperature sensor malfunction
BE 08	BMS_TempLow	Please contact the battery supplier.

Troubleshooting Troubleshooting

Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution
BE 09	Cellimblance	Battery Unbalanced Failure • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 10	BMS_Hardware	Battery hardware protection failure  • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 11	BMS_Circuit	Battery circuit failure  Restart the battery .  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 12	BMS_ISO_Fault	Battery insulation failure • Check that the battery is properly grounded and restart the battery. • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 13	BMS_VolSen	Battery voltage sensor fault • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 14	BMS_TempSen	Temperature sensor failure  Restart the battery .  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 15	BMS_CurSen	Battery current sensor fault • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 16	BMS_Relay	Battery relay failure • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 17	TypeUnmatch	Battery type failure  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 18	Ver Unmatch	Battery version mismatch failure  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 19	MFR Unmatch	Battery manufacturer did not match the fault  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 20	SW Unmatch	Battery hardware and software mismatch failure  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 21	M&S Unmatch	Battery master slave control mismatches  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 22	CR NORespond	Battery charging request does not respond to a fault  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 23	SW Protect	Battery slave software protection failure  Upgrade the battery BMS software.  Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 24	536 Fault	Battery fault-discharge over current fault • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 25	BMS SelfCheck	Over temperature in battery system  • Please contact the battery supplier.

Number	Faults	Diagnosis and solution
BE 26	BMS Tempdiff	Battery temperature sensor malfunction • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 27	BMS_BreakFault	Battery Unbalanced Failure • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 28	BMS_FlashFault	Battery hardware protection failure • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 29	BMS_Precharge	Battery precharge failure • Please contact the battery supplier.
BE 30	AirSwitchBreaker	Battery air switch failure  Check that the battery breaker is off.  Please contact the battery supplier.

• If the information panel of your inverter does not show the fault light, check the following list to ensure the current installation status, correct operation.

----- Is the inverter located in a clean, dry and well-ventilated place?

----- Is the DC input circuit breaker open?

----- Is the specification and length of the cable adequate?

----- Are the input and output connections and wiring in good condition?

----- Is the configuration set correct for your particular installation?

Please contact our customer service for further assistance. Please be prepared to describe the details of your system installation and provide the inverter serial number.

Troubleshooting Decommissioning

#### 8.2 Routine Maintenance

Inverter do not require any maintenance or correction in most cases, but if the inverter often loses power due to overheating, this can be attributed to the following reason:

Heat sink behind the inverter is covered with dirt. If necessary, clean the cooling heat sink with a soft dry cloth or brush. Only trained and authorized professionals familiar with safety requirements can perform maintenance and maintenance work.

#### Safety inspections

Safety checks should be conducted at least every 12 months, please contact the manufacturer to arrange for appropriate training, expertise, and practical experience in performing these tests. (Please note that this action is not covered by warranty). These data should be recorded in the device log. If the equipment is not running properly or any test fails, the equipment must be repaired for details of safety inspections, refer to section 2 of this manual for safety instructions and europe commission instructions.

## > Regular maintenance

Only qualified people can do the following work. In the process of using frequency converter, the manager should check and maintain the machine regularly. The specific operation is as follows.

- 1. Check whether the heat sink is covered with dirt, clean the machine and absorb dust if necessary. This work should be performed from time to time.
- 2. Check whether the frequency converter indicator is normal, check whether the frequency converter button is normal, check whether the frequency converter display is normal. This inspection should be conducted at least every 6 months.
- 3. Check the input and output lines for damage or aging. This inspection should be conducted at least every 6 months.
- 4. Cleaning and safety inspection of PV modules should be carried out at least once every 6 months.

# 9 Decommissioning

## 9.1 Disassembling the Inverter

- Remove DC input line and AC output line of inverter.
- · Wait for at least 5 minutes to power off.
- Remove all cable connections from the inverter.
- Remove inverter from finger support the bracket.
- · Remove the bracket if necessary.

## 9.2 Packaging

Load the inverter into the original package if possible.

- If the original package can not be found, you can also use the following requirements of the carton packaging:
- · Bearing capacity of more than 30 kg.
- · Easy to carry.
- · Can completely seal the cover.

## 9.3 Storage and Transportation

Store the inverter in a dry, temperature  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 70^{\circ}\text{C}$  environment. Pay attention to less than four machines on each stack board during storage and transportation.

## 9.4 Waste Disposal

If it is necessary to scrap the inverter or other related parts, be sure to send the waste inverter and packaging materials to the designated location for recycling by the relevant department.

# 10 Disclaimer

The inverters are transported, used and operated under limited condition, such as environmental, electrical etc. Our company shall not be liable to provide the service, technical support or compensation under conditions listed below, including but not limited to:

- Inverter is damaged or broken by force majeure (such as earthquake, flooding, thunderstorm, lighting, fire hazard, volcanic eruption etc).
- Inverter's warranty is expired and doesn't buy extended warranty.
- Can't provide the inverter's SN, warranty card or invoice.
- Inverter is damaged by man-made cause. Inverter is used or operated against any items in local policy.
- Inverter's installation, configuration, commissioning doesn't follow the requirements mentioned in this manual.
- Inverter is installed, refitted or operated in improper ways mentioned in this manual without authority from our company.
- Inverter is installed, operated under improper environment or electrical condition mentioned in this manual without authority from our company.
- Inverter is changed, updated or disassembled on hardware or software without authority from our company.
- · Obtain the communication protocol from other illegal channels.
- Build monitoring, control system without authority from our company.
- Connect to other brands batteries without authority from our company.

Our company will keep right to explain all the contents in this user manual.

# Warranty Registration Form



# For Customer (Compulsory)

Name	Country
Phone Number	Email
Address	
State	Zip Code
Product Serial Number	
Date of Commissioning	
Installation Company Name	
Installer Name	Electrician License No.
	For Installer
Module ( If Any )	
Module Brand	
Module Size(W)	
Number of String	Number of Panel Per String
Battery ( If Any )	
Battery Type	
Date of Delivery	Signature

Please visit our warranty website: <a href="https://www.solaxcloud.com/#/warranty">https://www.solaxcloud.com/#/warranty</a> to complete the online warranty registration or use your mobile phone to scan the QR code to register.

For more detailed warranty terms, please visit SolaX official website: <a href="www.solaxpower.com">www.solaxpower.com</a> to check it.

614.00002.07



PLEASE REGISTER THE WARRANTY IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION! GET YOUR WARRANTY CERTIFICATE FROM DURACELL! KEEP YOUR INVERTER ONLINE & WIN DURACELL POINTS!







